

**MDG Country Progress Snapshot: Madagascar**
Last update: Nov. 2014

Goals and Targets	Indicators	First Year		Latest Year		Percentage Change	Country Progress	Region Latest Data: Sub-Saharan Africa		
		Value	Year	Value	Year			Level <sup>1/</sup>	Chart	Value
<b>Goal 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger</b>										
Reduce extreme poverty by half	Proportion of population living below \$1.25 (PPP) per day (%)	72.5	1993	81.3	2010	12	very high poverty		48.4	2010
Reduce hunger by half	Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption (%)	27.3	1991	30.5	2013	12	high hunger		24.8	2011-2013
<b>Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education</b>										
Universal primary schooling	Net enrolment ratio in primary education (enrolees per 100 children)	66.8	1990	77.4	2003	16	moderate enrollment		77.9	2012
<b>Goal 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women</b>										
Equal girls' enrolment in primary school	Ratio of girls to boys in primary education	0.96	1990	0.99	2012	3	parity		0.92	2012
Women's share of paid employment	Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector (%)	30.8	1993	35.4	2010	15	medium share		33.4	2012
Women's equal representation in national parliaments	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament (single or lower house only - %)	6.5	1990	23.1	2014	256	moderate representation		22.9	2014
<b>Goal 4: Reduce child mortality</b>										
Reduce mortality of under-five-year-old by two thirds	Under-five mortality rate (deaths of children per 1,000 births)	160.8	1990	56.0	2013	-65	moderate mortality		92	2013
<b>Goal 5: Improve maternal health</b>										
Reduce maternal mortality by three quarters	Maternal mortality ratio (maternal deaths per 100,000 live births)	740	1990	440	2013	-41	high mortality		510	2013
Access to universal reproductive health	Contraceptive prevalence rate (percentage of women aged 15-49, married or in union, using contraception)	16.7	1992	39.9	2009	139	low access to reproductive health		25.7	2012
	Unmet need for family planning (percentage of women aged 15-49, married or in union, with unmet need for family planning)	32.3	1992	19.0	2009	-41			25.1	2012

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<b>Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases</b>										
Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS	HIV incidence rate (number of new HIV infections per year per 100 people aged 15-49)	..	..	..	..	-	---		0.31	2012
Halt and reverse spread of tuberculosis	Incidence rate and death rate associated with tuberculosis	391	1990	234	2012	-40	high mortality		255	2012
	Number of new cases per 100,000 population								27	2012
<b>Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability</b>										
Reverse loss of forests	Proportion of land area covered by forest (%)	23.5	1990	21.6	2010	-8	medium forest cover		28.1	2010
Halve proportion without improved drinking water	Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source (%)	28.6	1990	49.6	2012	73	very low coverage		64.0	2012
Halve proportion without sanitation	Proportion of population using an improved sanitation facility (%)	7.9	1990	13.9	2012	77	very low coverage		30.0	2012
Improve the lives of slum-dwellers	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	93.0	1990	76.2	2009	-18	very high proportion of slum dwellers		61.7	2012
<b>Goal 8: Develop a global partnership for development</b>										
Internet users	Internet users per 100 inhabitants	0.0	1990	2.2	2013	-	very low usage		14.8	2012

The MDG Country Progress Snapshot provides an overview of the progress achieved at country level since 1990 towards the Millennium Development Goals. The snapshot is intended mainly to provide the international community easy access to the information and are not meant to replace in any way the country profiles produced at the national level in several countries. They are also meant to reflect the contribution of country-level progress to the global and regional trends on progress towards the MDGs.

The data used in the snapshot are from the MDG global database (<http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx>). The metadata and responsible agencies can be found on <http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Metadata.aspx>. Sources of discrepancies between global and national figures are due to, among others, different methodology and definitions or different choice of data sources. At the global level, the monitoring of the progress aims to ensure better comparability of data among countries. Country can contact the responsible agencies for resolving data discrepancies.

**Note:** 1) The country progress level indicates the present degree of compliance with the target based on the latest available data. The technical note on the progress level can be found at <http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Resources/Static/Products/Progress2012/technicalnote.pdf>.