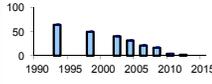
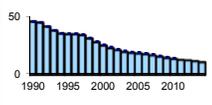
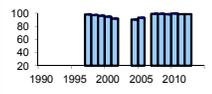
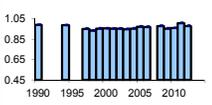
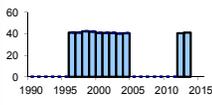
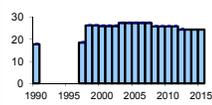
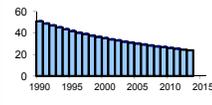
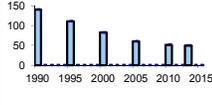
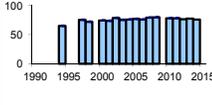
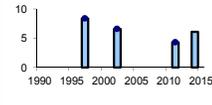
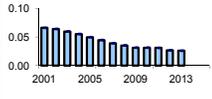
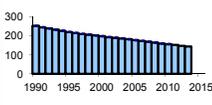
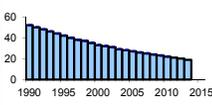
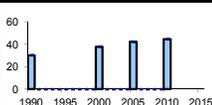
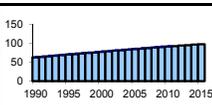
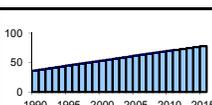
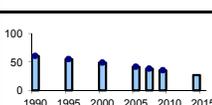
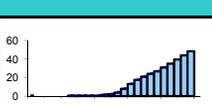


MDG Country Progress Snapshot: Viet Nam
Last update: August, 2015

Goals and Targets	Indicators	First Year		Latest Year		Percentage Change	Country Progress	Region Latest Data: South-eastern Asia		
		Value	Year	Value	Year			Level ^{1/}	Chart	Value
Goal 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger										
Reduce extreme poverty by half	Proportion of population living below \$1.25 (PPP) per day (%)	63.8	1993	2.44	2012	-96	low poverty		12.1	2011
Reduce hunger by half	Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption (%)	45.6	1991	11.0	2015	-76	moderately low hunger		9.6	2014-2016
Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education										
Universal primary schooling	Net enrolment ratio in primary education (enrollees per 100 children)	97.9	1998	98.1	2013	0	high enrolment		94.3	2015
Goal 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women										
Equal girls' enrolment in primary school	Ratio of girls to boys in primary education	0.99	1991	0.98	2013	-1	parity		1.01	2015
Women's share of paid employment	Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector (%)	41.0	1996	41.1	2013	0	high share		39.2	2013
Women's equal representation in national parliaments	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament (single or lower house only - %)	17.7	1990	24.3	2015	37	moderate representation		17.8	2015
Goal 4: Reduce child mortality (New data will be available in late September 2015)										
Reduce mortality of under-five-year-old by two thirds	Under-five mortality rate (deaths of children per 1,000 births)	50.6	1990	23.8	2013	-53	low mortality		29	2013
Goal 5: Improve maternal health (New data will be available in late September 2015)										
Reduce maternal mortality by three quarters	Maternal mortality ratio (maternal deaths per 100,000 live births)	140.0	1990	49.0	2013	-65	low mortality		140	2013
Access to universal reproductive health	Contraceptive prevalence rate (percentage of women aged 15-49, married or in union, using contraception)	65.0	1994	75.7	2014	16	high access to reproductive health		63.6	2013
	Unmet need for family planning (percentage of women aged 15-49, married or in union, with unmet need for family planning)	8.4	1997	6.1	2014	-27			11.9	2013

MDG Country Progress Snapshot: Viet Nam Last update: August, 2015

Goals and Targets	Indicators	First Year		Latest Year		Percentage Change	Country Progress		Region Latest Data: South-eastern Asia		
		Value	Year	Value	Year		Level ^{1/}	Chart	Value	Year	
Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases											
Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS	HIV incidence rate (number of new HIV infections per year per 100 people aged 15-49)	0.07	2001	0.03	2013	-61	low incidence		0.03	2013	
Halt and reverse spread of tuberculosis	Incidence rate and death rate associated with tuberculosis	Number of new cases per 100,000 population	251.0	1990	144.0	2013	-43	moderate mortality		205.0	2013
		Number of deaths per 100,000 population	52.0	1990	19.0	2013	-63			26.0	2015
Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability											
Reverse loss of forests	Proportion of land area covered by forest (%)	30.2	1990	44.5	2010	47	high forest cover		49.3	2010	
Halve proportion without improved drinking water	Proportion of population using an improved drinking water source (%)	62.7	1990	97.6	2015	56	high coverage		90.0	2015	
Halve proportion without sanitation	Proportion of population using an improved sanitation facility (%)	36.2	1990	78.0	2015	115	moderate coverage		72.0	2015	
Improve the lives of slum-dwellers	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	60.5	1990	27.2	2014	-55	moderate proportion of slum-dwellers		27.4	2014	
Goal 8: Develop a global partnership for development											
Internet users	Internet users per 100 inhabitants	0.0	1990	48.3	2014	-	high usage		26.2	2013	

The MDG Country Progress Snapshot provides an overview of the progress achieved at country level since 1990 towards the Millennium Development Goals. The snapshot is intended mainly to provide the international community easy access to the information and are not meant to replace in any way the country profiles produced at the national level in several countries. They are also meant to reflect the contribution of country-level progress to the global and regional trends on progress towards the MDGs.

The data used in the snapshot are from the MDG global database (<http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Data.aspx>). The metadata and responsible agencies can be found on <http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Metadata.aspx>. Sources of discrepancies between global and national figures are due to, among others, different methodology and definitions or different choice of data sources. At the global level, the monitoring of the progress aims to ensure better comparability of data among countries. Country can contact the responsible agencies for resolving data discrepancies.

Note: 1) The country progress level indicates the present degree of compliance with the target based on the latest available data. The technical note on the progress level can be found at <http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/mdg/Resources/Static/Products/Progress2012/technicalnote.pdf>.