

**Agenda item 15b.
SDG monitoring and
reporting resources:
Good practices wiki, SAE,
Data storyingtelling and
VNRs**

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Plenary Meeting
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Good Practices Wiki Site

Website:

<https://unstats.un.org/wiki/display/sdgGoodPractices>

The site contains:

Country examples of good practices in SDG monitoring in the following categories:

- ❖ national platforms, dashboards, SDG portals and other progress assessment tools;
- ❖ communication of data for the Goals;
- ❖ data disaggregation and data gaps of the SDG indicators;
- ❖ capacity building priorities for SDG monitoring; and
- ❖ use of non-traditional and innovative data sources for the SDG Indicators (new)

The image displays two screenshots of the UN Statistics Wiki website. The top screenshot shows the 'Home' page of the 'SDG Good Practices' space. The page features a navigation bar with 'UN Statistics Wiki', 'Spaces', and 'Blogs'. Below the navigation bar, there is a search bar and a 'Log in' button. The main content area includes a welcome message: 'Welcome to the Good Practices and Resources on Sustainable Development Goals Monitoring website'. A text box explains that the website was developed to compile and share good practices on SDG monitoring, focusing on data disaggregation, national SDG platforms, and bridging data gaps. The bottom screenshot shows a page titled 'Countries: data communication'. It features a list of countries and territories, including Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Canada, Central African Republic, Colombia, Costa Rica, Czechia, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Estonia, Ethiopia, Germany, Guinea, Hungary, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kuwait, Latvia, Lithuania, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mexico, Montenegro, Montserrat, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Romania, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Sudan, Spain, State of Palestine, Suriname, Sweden, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and Uruguay. A 'Short summary' section follows, stating that National Voluntary Reports and SDG Country Reports are key to communicating progress towards targets and that the National Coordination Council coordinates their elaboration by the National Inter-institutional Commission for SDG Implementation and Monitoring.

The Toolkit on Using Small Area Estimation for SDGs (SAE4SDG)

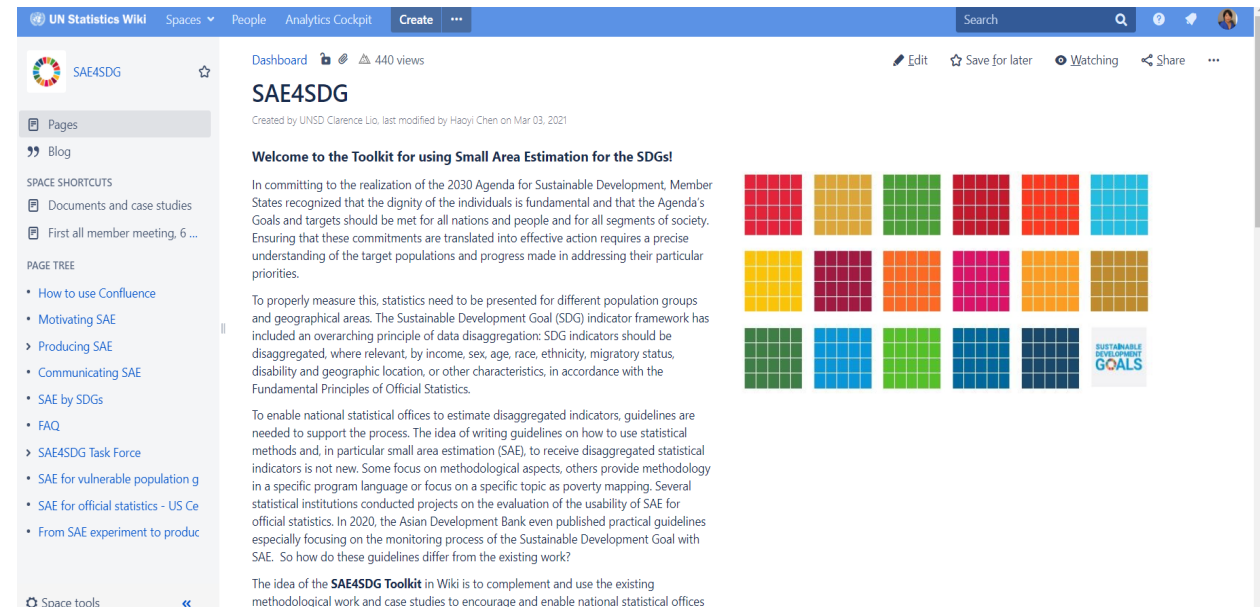
(<https://unstats.un.org/wiki/display/SAE4SDG/>)

A Wiki is a space to provide information on methods to produce disaggregated data through small area estimation.

Goal: To provide practical tools with accompanying case studies for countries to use SAE for SDG monitoring.

Objectives:

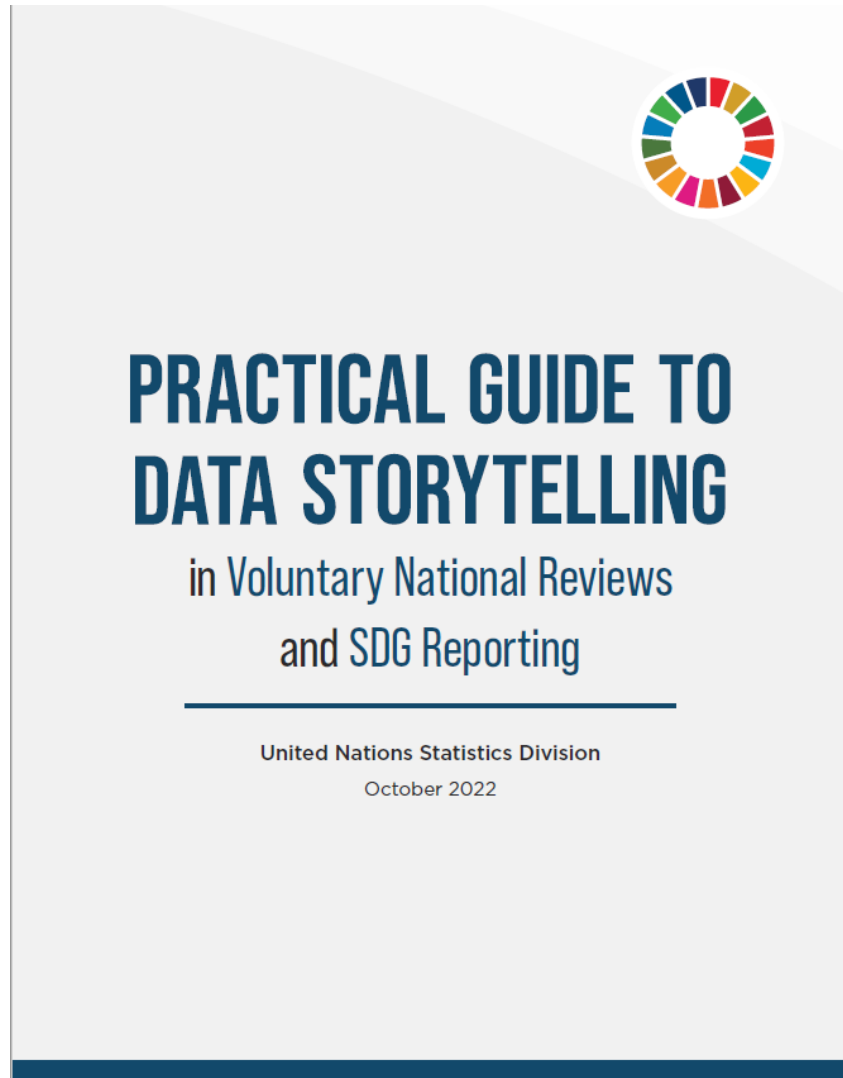
- Using SAE methods to improve SDG data availability for vulnerable population groups
- Offering practical guidance and country case studies
- Guiding on the enabling environment for using SAE for official data production
- Providing a space for partners to document and disseminate their SAE methodologies



The screenshot shows the UN Statistics Wiki page for SAE4SDG. The page title is "SAE4SDG" and it was created by UNSD Clarence Lio, last modified by Haoyi Chen on Mar 03, 2021. The page has 440 views. The main content area features a welcome message: "Welcome to the Toolkit for using Small Area Estimation for the SDGs!". Below this, there is a paragraph explaining the importance of disaggregation in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, stating that the dignity of individuals is fundamental and that the Agenda's Goals and targets should be met for all nations and people. It emphasizes that ensuring these commitments are translated into effective action requires a precise understanding of the target populations and progress made in addressing their particular priorities. A second paragraph discusses the need for statistics to be presented for different population groups and geographical areas, noting that the Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) indicator framework has included an overarching principle of data disaggregation. It mentions that SDG indicators should be disaggregated, where relevant, by income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability and geographic location, or other characteristics, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics. A third paragraph explains that to enable national statistical offices to estimate disaggregated indicators, guidelines are needed to support the process. It notes that the idea of writing guidelines on how to use statistical methods and, in particular small area estimation (SAE), to receive disaggregated statistical indicators is not new. Some focus on methodological aspects, others provide methodology in a specific program language or focus on a specific topic as poverty mapping. Several statistical institutions conducted projects on the evaluation of the usability of SAE for official statistics. In 2020, the Asian Development Bank even published practical guidelines especially focusing on the monitoring process of the Sustainable Development Goal with SAE. It asks, "So how do these guidelines differ from the existing work?". The final paragraph states that the idea of the SAE4SDG Toolkit in Wiki is to complement and use the existing methodological work and case studies to encourage and enable national statistical offices. The page also features a sidebar with navigation options like "Pages", "Blog", "SPACE SHORTCUTS", and "PAGE TREE". There are also social media sharing icons and a search bar at the top.

SAE E-learning (by UNSD, UNECLAC and UNFPA)

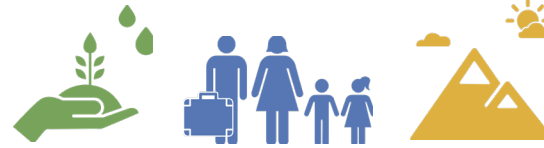
- Course format (available in English, Spanish, and French)
 - Reading materials
 - Recorded videos (50 videos with about 10-15 minutes for each video), organized in 10 modules
 - Evaluation materials including weekly computer-graded assessments, two mid-term projects, and a final project
 - R program language code that can be used for SAE modelling
- Self-paced learners:
 - Learn at their own pace
 - Access all the above learning materials
 - Machine graded weekly assessments
 - Access to projects, R script and data – not graded
- Guided learners
 - Guided learning and need to follow a fixed schedule that entails about 1-hour of work per day for ten weeks, reading assigned materials, watching course videos, and completing the assigned projects
 - 2-hour interactive workshop per week for ten weeks that will cover a summary of the weekly learning materials and instructions of R code that can be used for SAE modeling
 - Feedback and grading for all three projects



The site contains:

- **Practical Guide to help countries and national statistics offices better tell data stories for their audience.**
- Intended to help statisticians, data scientists, policy makers, analysts, managers, and communicators tell convincing data stories in Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs) and SDG reporting, with a focus on understanding the context and constructing the narrative.
- Contains examples drawn from VNRs and SDG reporting as well as other external sources.
- **Presentation and video also available.**

Data Visualization Toolkit



Website:

<https://unstats.un.org/capacity-development/UNSD-FCDO/sdgs-data-visualization-toolkit/>



The **SDG & COVID-19 data visualization toolkit**, developed as part of the UNSD-FCDO Project on SDG Monitoring, aims to support countries in data storytelling through infographics, reports, online platforms, presentations, promotion materials and social media. **The icons and templates are open source, meaning they are freely usable by all.**

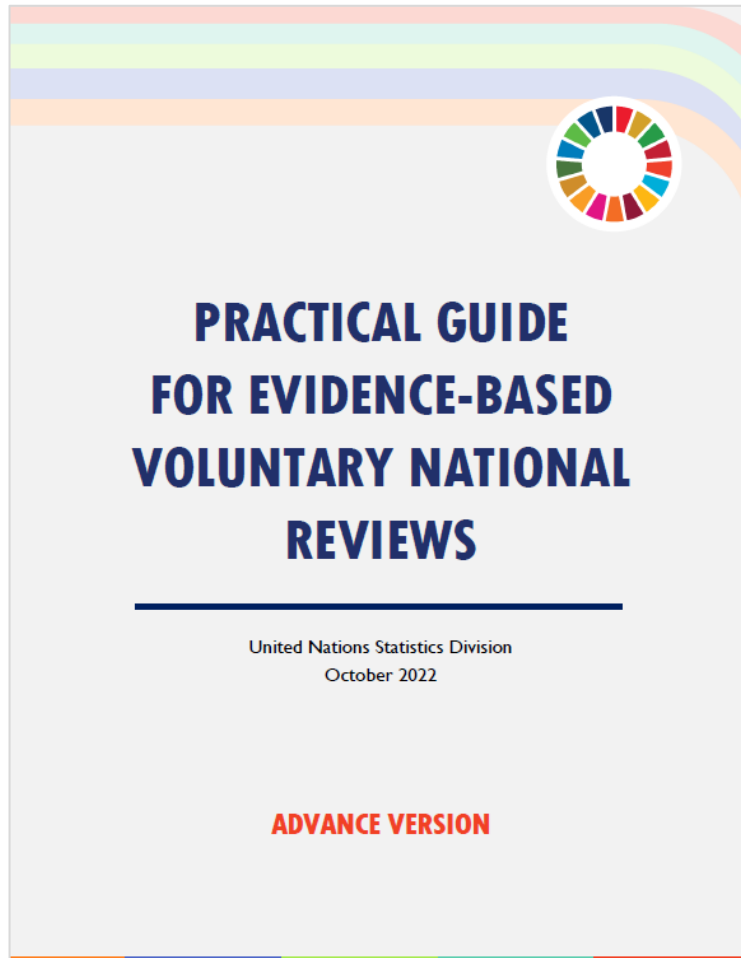
TOOLKIT INCLUDES:

- **Over 300 icons** in SVG format
- **Templates** to create:
 - Infographics
 - Reports
 - Brochures
 - Flyers
 - Social media products
- Templates available in **Adobe Illustrator, InDesign, Powerpoint and Word** formats

Practical Guide for Evidence-based VNRs

Website:

<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/data4vnrs/>

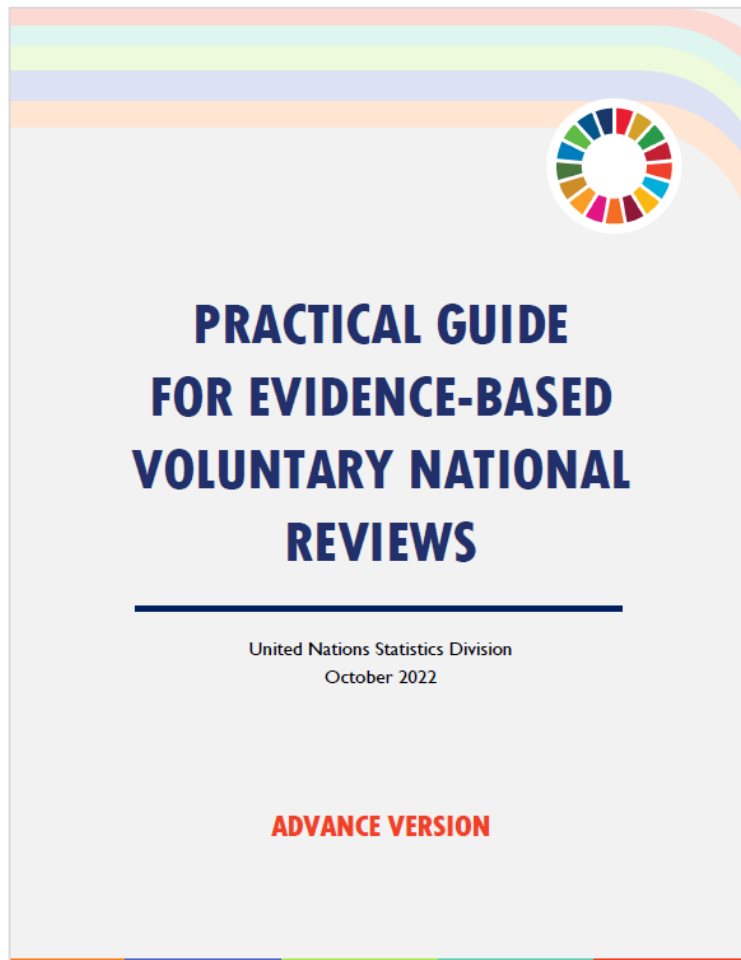


- **The Guide:** Complementary resource for countries on how to use data and statistics on SDGs to support evidence-based VNRs.
- **Approach:** Roadmap method with good practice examples, outlining key stages in the national VNR process for enhancing data.
- **Looking ahead:** VNR process can also help to identify strengths and weaknesses of statistical systems and statistical capacity building opportunities.
- **Advance version available 27 October. Updated version coming in November with additional resources (see next slide).**

Practical Guide for Evidence-based VNRs

Website:

<https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/data4vnrs/>



- The Guide webpage will also include information **on current resources and/or trainings for VNR development from the SDG indicator custodians and Regional Commissions.**
- This is in response to requests from countries in past VNR global workshops for more training or resources, such as on data integration, how to use Big Data, and how to incorporate or find/collect data for the VNR on specific Goals.
- **Please provide your feedback at the following quick survey if you have not already done so:**
<https://form.jotform.com/222845271173051>
- Deadline extended to **Monday, 14 November**

Thank you!

