The 2025 SDG Indicator Review: Enhancing the Global Monitoring Framework for Greater Impact

Target 8.9 - Employed persons in the tourism industries

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"By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products"













Only monitored by indicator 8.9.1

Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP



Crucial aspect not monitored: "creates jobs"



Critical policy issue in the wake of COVID-19 pandemic: millions of people out of work in tourism











UN Statistical Commission decisions on tourism indicators

2020

Agreed changes in 2020 comprehensive review, while noting concerns regarding specific indicators and asked the IAEG-SDG to improve the global indicator framework, including addressing important policy issues, such as sustainable tourism

Report E/2020/24-E/CN.3/2020/37

2021

Requested the IAEG-SDG to work with relevant custodian agencies to develop and test a methodology for indicators on sustainable tourism, in preparation for submission at the 2025 comprehensive review

Report E/2021/24-E/CN.3/2021/30

2022

Requested the IAEG-SDGs to work in close coordination with the custodian agency [UN Tourism] on a proposal for indicators on sustainable tourism to better monitor target 8.9

2023

Welcomed the establishment of a task team on sustainable tourism to develop a detailed proposal for better monitoring of target 8.9 for submission to the 2025 comprehensive review, considering and leveraging the work being done by other groups working in this domain and existing statistical infrastructure in countries Report E/2023/24-E/CN.3/2023/37

2024

Expressed its
appreciation for the
progress made by the
task team on
sustainable
tourism
Report E/2024/24-E/CN.3/2024/36

Process of the IAEG-SDG Task Team on Sustainable Tourism

DEC 2022

UN Tourism
prepared for IAEGSDG Task Team on
sustainable tourism
an analysis of the
most demanded
indicators on
tourism's
sustainability

FEB 2023

The list is revised and approved by the Bureau of UN Tourism's Committee on Statistics submitted to the IAEG-SDG Task Team on sustainable tourism

MARCH 2024

Endorsement of the Statistical Framework for Measuring the Sustainability of Tourism by the UN Statistical Commission

Open
consultation on
the selected
proposals
(66 / 68 YES)

NOV 2024

UN Tourism Executive Council acknowledges Austria, Saudi

Arabia, Spain, ILO, CARICOM for streamlining tourism in the global agenda through development of a new tourism employment indicator for UN Global SDG Monitoring Framework & notes with satisfaction the new dataset on tourism employment

JAN 2023

UN Tourism prepared
a list of 10-15
indicators considering
the IAEG-SDG
principles & criteria for
the Comprehensive
Review (data
availability + scope of
SDG 8.9 target)

JAN-MARCH 2024

The IAEG-SDG
Task Team on
sustainable
tourism reviewed
the indicator list

APRIL 2024

Guided by the IAEG-SDG
Task Team on sustainable
tourism, joint proposal from
ILO, CARICOM, UN
Tourism, Austria & Spain
(co-chairs of UN Tourism
Committee on Statistics)
and Saudi Arabia (ViceChair) for addition of
tourism employment
indicator

OCT 2024

IAEG-SDG 15th
Meeting agreed
to include the
proposal in the
2025
comprehensive
review for
consideration and
adoption by the
Commission

MARCH 2025 UNSC

presented with proposed changes to the global indicator framework including addition of 8.9.2

8.9.2 Employed persons in the tourism industries

Jointly proposed by

- Austria and Spain (Chairs of the UN Tourism Committee on Statistics)
- Saudi Arabia (Vice Chair of the UN Tourism Committee on Statistics)
- CARICOM
- ILO
- UN Tourism



All persons of working age with

- Paid employment (whether at work, or with a job but not at work); or
- Self-employment (whether at work, or with an enterprise but not at work)



In the 10 tourism industries (according to ISIC)





Main data source in countries: household-based labour force surveys



Leveraging existing ILO and UN Tourism Databases

Rooted in the Statistical Framework for Measuring the Sustainability of Tourism





Internationally agreed framework with key concepts, definitions and data organization structures for measuring the main economic, social and environmental aspects of tourism



Endorsed by UNSC (55th session, 2024), supporting interventions:

- 34 countries,
- 3 regional joint statements: Africa (voiced by Benin), European Statistical System (voiced by Finland), Gulf Cooperation Council (voiced by Saudi Arabia)
- ILO



Acknowledged by UN High-Level Committee on Programmes Core Group on Beyond GDP as first sectoral example of moving beyond GDP in the report "Valuing what counts"



Recognized in key international and regional policy instruments

- Manila Call for Action on Measuring Sustainable Tourism
- European Parliament Resolution on establishing an EU strategy for sustainable tourism
- Sustainable Tourism Policy Framework for the Pacific
- High Level Political Forum on sustainable development 2023
- Adopted by UN Tourism General Assembly resolution A/RES/756(XXV)
- G20 Declarations under the Presidencies of Saudi Arabia, India and Brazil



more data and a better insight into

challenges we are trying to solve"

Employed persons in tourism industries

Data availability

World

+ 61% countries

+ 77% population

Regions	Countries	Population
Australia and New Zealand	100%	100%
Central Asia and Southern Asia	64%	92%
Eastern Asia and South-eastern Asia	69%	90%
Latin America and the Caribbean	52%	85%
Northern America and Europe	76%	53%
Oceania excluding Australia and New Zealand	75%	98%
Sub-Saharan Africa	48%	43%
Western Asia and Northern Africa	57%	68%



Employed persons in tourism industries

Potential for disaggregation

(examples)

- ✓ By sex
- ✓ By status

...to leave no one behind







