

The legislative framework for civil registration and vital statistics is of primary importance in terms of establishing a functioning system. Please provide the title of the current and relevant legislation, and the date of its promulgation.

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Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation; please mark with an "X" the applicable cell.						
- date of occurrence	X	X	X	X	X	X
- date of registration					X	X
Since when has the present basis of tabulation been used?	1911	1911	1932	1959	2016	2016

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Please provide in the respective cell of this row, the exact percentage of completeness of registration for each vital event, if available.						
If the percentage of completeness is not available, please mark with an "X" the respective cell for the estimated range of completeness, for each vital event.						
100 per cent						
90 - 99 per cent						
80 - 89 per cent						
70 - 79 per cent						
60 - 69 per cent						
50 - 59 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers	2013	2013				
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
- Demographic analysis	X					
- Dual record check	X					
- Questions in population census						
- Questions in sample surveys						
- Other (specify)	X	X				
- No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Other method used - Rapid Assessment of National Civil Registration and Vital Statistics System

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
- Population censuses (date)						
- Sample surveys						
- Population registers						
- Dual record systems						
- Other (specify)						

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on sources other than civil registration:

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Additional metadata for selected tables

Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:	The gazetted area as well as the built-up area and the combination of these two areas have a population of 10,000 population or more during the 2010 Census or specific development areas that can be identified as having a population of at least 10,000 population with at least 60% its residents aged 15 years and above are engaged in non-agricultural activities. A built-up area is defined as an area adjacent to a gazetted area and has at least 60% of the population (aged 15 years and above) engaged in non-agricultural activities. A special development area is a development area that can be identified and separated from any gazetted area or built-up area exceeding 5 km and the area has a population of at least 10,000 population with 60% of the population aged 15 years and above engaged in non-agricultural activities.
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	The areas that not listed as urban area

Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

Please mark with an "X" the applicable options.	X
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.	
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.	
f) Other, please specify.	

Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	De Jure Population
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	No
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	No
If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?	Coale-Demeny West and Brass Logit
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	X
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?	
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths	X
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths	X
c) Information on deaths from census	
d) Life expectancy at birth	X
e) Under-five mortality	X
f) Infant mortality	X

Please include any reference materials describing methods or data sources used in constructing life tables:

Table 22 Minimum legal marriage age

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent	18 years	16 years (Muslim), 18 years (Non-Muslim)
b) Without parental consent	18 years (Muslim), 21 years (Non-Muslim)	16 years (Muslim), 21 years (Non-Muslim)

Please provide description regarding minimum legal marriage ages in your country if they do not fit the table above:

- Note a) - In addition to with parental consent, minimum legal marriage age for Non-Muslim women were above 18 years old
b) - In addition to without parental consent, minimum legal marriage age for Non-Muslim men and women were above 21 years old

Note: The United Nations Expert Group Meeting on the UN Demographic Yearbook System, conducted during 9 -12 November 2020, recommended the collection of metadata on the completeness of death registration by age and sex; for this reason the below tabulation is added to the vital statistics metadata request. Please refer to paragraph 13 of the Conclusions and Recommendations of the Expert Group Meeting. The links are provided below.

[Expert Group Meeting, 9 - 12 November 2020](#)

[Conclusions and Recommendations](#)

Estimated completeness of death registration by age and sex

Please provide an estimate of completeness of death registration for each age group and sex, as an exact percentage or as an interval of percentages, as available:

Age group	Male	Female	Both sexes
0			
1 - 4			
0 - 4			
5 - 9			
10 - 14			
15 - 19			
20 - 24			
25 - 29			
30 - 34			
35 - 39			
40 - 44			
45 - 49			
50 - 54			
55 - 59			
60 - 64			
65 - 69			
70 - 74			
75 - 79			
80 - 84			
85 - 89			
90 - 94			
95 - 99			
100+			
TOTAL			

Please specify:	
(a) Year(s) to which the above completeness estimates refer	
(b) Basis of completeness estimate	
- Demographic analysis	
- Dual record check	
- Questions in population census	
- Questions in sample surveys	
- Other (specify)	
- No evaluation	

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness: