

United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook
Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: [Philippines](#)

Population census date: [May 2020 \(the reference date\)](#)

Housing census date: [May 2020 \(the reference date\)](#)

Actual conduct: (September 2020)

A. General population census information

1. Census - taking methodological approaches

<p>(1) Traditional census - full field enumeration</p> <p>If yes, please circle the mode of data collection among options (a) to (f) listed below:</p> <p>(a) paper questionnaire only</p> <p>(b) paper questionnaire and tablet computers</p> <p>(c) tablet computers only</p> <p>(d) tablet computers and internet</p> <p>(e) internet and paper questionnaires</p> <p>(f) other (please describe)</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes</p>
<p>(2) Combined census</p> <p>If yes, please circle the method of census taking among the options (a) to (c) listed below:</p> <p>(a) register(s)* and ad-hoc surveys</p> <p>(b) register(s)* and existing surveys</p> <p>(c) other (please describe)</p> <p>*Please list the register or registers that are used.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p>
<p>(3) Fully register based census</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> No</p>

(4) Rolling census	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(5) Other, please specify	

2. Type of population count and coverage

Type of population count	
(a) Present / de facto population	<input type="checkbox"/> No
(b) Usual resident population	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
(c) Other, please specify	<input type="checkbox"/>

3. Please specify whether the following population groups were enumerated in the census:

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads and persons living in areas to which access is difficult (<i>Indigenous Peoples</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a border daily and are in the country temporarily	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
(d) Refugees, asylum seekers and internally displaced persons	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(e) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>
(g) Civilian foreigners who cross a border daily to work in the country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
(h) Civilian residents who cross a border daily to work in another country	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA
(i) Merchant seafarers and fishers resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(j) Homeless or roofless persons, vagrants and persons with no concept of usual residence	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(k) Persons living in buildings with restricted access	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(l) Stateless persons	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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4. In case the enumeration was performed according to the 'usual resident population' concept, please complete the following additional table.

For each of the population groups listed in the following table, please indicate whether they were included, excluded, or not applicable in the usual resident population count.

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration that cannot identify their place of usual residence, such as those who move often;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) National military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families, located outside the country;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Foreign persons working for international organizations (not including foreign diplomats or military forces), provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) Merchant seafarers and fishers usually resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census (including those who have no place of residence other than their quarters aboard ship);	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(e) Persons who may be illegal, irregular or undocumented migrants, as well as asylum seekers and persons who have applied for or been granted refugee status or similar types of international protections, provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(f) Persons who cross a frontier daily or weekly to work or study in another country,	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> NA

provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;			
(g) Children born in the 12 months before the census reference time and whose families are usually resident in the country at the census reference time;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(h) Persons of minor age studying abroad for one year or more to attain the primary or secondary level of education, regardless of the frequency of return to the family home located within the country. If the person is also working abroad, the same rules for cross-border workers apply;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(i) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(j) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families, located in the country, regardless of their place of usual residence;	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>
(k) Persons of minor age attending the primary or secondary level of education whose family home is located abroad, regardless of the duration of their stay. However, if these persons are also working in the country, then the identification of the place of usual residence follows the same rules as for cross-border workers;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(l) Third-level students who are absent from the country for one year or more;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(m) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are not	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>

present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.			
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5. Estimated census coverage (TBD)

Estimated coverage:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Census under-enumeration / omissions (specify unit: <input type="text"/>)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
(b) Census over-enumeration / erroneous inclusions and duplications (specify unit: <input type="text"/>)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
(c) Net coverage error (specify unit: <input type="text"/>)	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
(d) Net coverage error rate			

Base denominator for computing net coverage error rate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Estimated “complete” population	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Unknown	<input type="checkbox"/>

Method(s) used in estimating coverage error:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes
Date conducted: October 2020	
Size of sample (specify unit: <input type="text"/>):	
For total area: <input type="text"/>	
For urban areas: <input type="text"/>	
For rural areas: <input type="text"/>	
Population groups excluded: <input type="text"/>	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(c) Other methods, please specify: <input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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6. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

A barangay is the smallest political unit in the country. The official list of barangays of the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG) based in the Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC) as of 31 December 2020 was used during the 2020 CPH operations.

A barangay is classified as urban if it meets any of the following:

- 1. It has a population size of 5,000 or more; or*
- 2. It has at least one establishment with a minimum of 100 employees; or*
- 3. It has five or more establishments with 10 to 99 employees and five or more facilities within a two-kilometer radius of the barangay hall.*

Further, all barangays in the National Capital Region (NCR) are automatically classified as urban.

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

A barangay that does not satisfy the abovementioned criteria is classified as rural.

7. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

Based on the Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC).

The Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC) is a classification and coding of the geographical-political subdivisions of the country, such as the region, the province, the municipality/city, and the barangay.

<https://psa.gov.ph/classification/psgc/>

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:



8. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

<https://psa.gov.ph/classification/psgc/>

9. Definition of literacy

The definition of “literate” and “illiterate” for this census is:

Simple literacy is the ability of a person to read and write a simple message. As such, a person is said to be literate if he/she can both read and write a simple message in any language or dialect. A person who cannot read and write a simple message, such as “I CAN READ” is considered illiterate. Moreover, a person is still considered illiterate if he/she is capable of reading and writing only his/her own name or numbers. Similarly, a person is illiterate if he/she can read but not write or he/she can write but not read. A person who knows how to read and write but at the time of the census can no longer read and/or write due to some physical defect or illness is still considered literate. Example of this is an aged person who knows how to read and write but can no longer perform these activities due to poor eyesight or hand injury. Persons with disability who can read and write through other means such the use of Braille are considered literate

10. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

Yes

If yes, which revision? *2011 ISCED and 2013 ISCED Fields of Education (ISCED-F)*

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCED? Please specify revision number.

Yes, 2017 PSCED

The 2017 PSCED is the latest version of the PSCED which is aligned after the 2011 ISCED and 2013 ISCED Fields of Education (ISCED-F) developed by UNESCO.

One of the national standard classification systems being maintained by the PSA is the Philippine Standard Classification of Education (PSCED). The PSCED is a detailed classification of all educational levels in the Philippine educational system. It is based upon two principal criteria, namely (1) level of education, and (2) subject-matter content of the study. It is patterned after the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) developed by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) for the purpose of assembling, compiling, and presenting education statistics, both nationally and internationally.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED. Please specify revision number.

B. Economic characteristics

11. Activity status / labour force status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15 years old

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

None (15 years old and over)

What reference period do you use to establish the activity status (labour force status) of a person?

Past 12 months

12. Please specify whether the groups of persons listed in the following table are included or excluded in the 'in employment' category in your census, by marking the appropriate box below.

	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons with a job for pay or profit who, during the reference period, were on training or skills enhancement activities required by their job or for another job in the same economic unit;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Apprentices, interns or trainees who work for pay in cash or in kind;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Persons who work for pay or profit through employment promotion programs;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(d) Persons who work in their own economic units to produce goods intended <i>mainly</i> for sale or barter, even if part of the output is consumed by the household or family;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(e) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they continue to perform some tasks and duties of the job, excluding, however, fulfilment of legal or administrative obligations (for example pay taxes);	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(f) Regular members of the armed forces and persons on military or alternative civilian service who perform this work for pay in cash or in kind;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(g) Apprentices, interns and trainees who work <i>without</i> pay in cash or in kind (that is, unpaid trainee work);	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes, (<i>own family farm or business</i>)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(h) Participants in skills training or retraining schemes within employment promotion programs, when <i>not</i> engaged in the production process of an economic unit;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(i) Persons who are required to perform work as a condition of continued receipt of a government social benefit such as unemployment insurance;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(j) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they <i>cease</i> to perform the tasks and duties of the job;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(k) Persons who retain a right to return to the same economic unit but who were absent (for reasons such as parental leave, educational leave, care for others, other personal reasons, temporary lay-off, suspension of work), when the total duration of the absence exceeds the specified threshold or if the test of receipt of remuneration is not fulfilled;	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(l) Persons on indefinite lay-off who do not have an assurance of return to employment with the same economic unit;	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>
(m) Persons who work to produce goods intended <i>mainly</i> or <i>exclusively</i> for consumption or use by the household or family, even if a surplus or part of the output is sold or bartered (that is, own-use production of goods);	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>
(n) Household members who provide <i>unpaid</i> services for consumption or use by their	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>

household (that is, own-use provision of services);			
(o) Persons who work voluntarily and <i>without</i> pay to produce goods or services through or for other economic units, including market, non-market units and households (that is, volunteer work).	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/>

13. Status in Employment

Based on the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), the status in employment may be classified as follows:

- (a) Employees;
- (b) Self-employed:
 - i. Employers;
 - ii. Own-account workers;
 - iii. Members of producers' cooperatives;
 - iv. Contributing family workers;
- (c) Persons not classifiable by status.

Do you follow the above structure, for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

Yes

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to the above structure?

Yes

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

14. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes

If yes, which revision? *2008 International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO)*

If any other or national classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCO? Please specify revision number.

The 2012 Philippine Standard Occupational Classification (PSOC) is a statistical classification of the different occupational groups of the working population, including the military work force in the country. It is basically patterned after the 2008 International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) released by the International Labor Organization (ILO) but with modifications to suit the national situations and requirements.

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO. Please specify revision number.

15. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes

If yes, which revision? *(ISIC) Rev. 4*

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISIC? Please specify revision number.

The 2009 Philippine Standard Industrial Classification (PSIC) is a detailed classification of industries prevailing in the country according to the kind of productive activities undertaken by establishments. The 2009 PSIC was patterned after the UN International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Rev. 4, but with some modifications to reflect the national situation and requirements.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC. Please specify revision number.

C. Household characteristics

16. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A household is a social unit consisting of a person living alone or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

Data on family nucleus identify the number of families living together as one household.

17. Head of household / reference person of household

Which one among the following options was used to determine the relationships between household members?

Please select one.

- a) Head of household
- b) Reference person
- c) Other; please describe

Regarding your answer to the previous question, please provide the definition of head of household or reference person that was used in the Census.

The head of the household is an adult person, male or female, who is responsible for the organization and care of the household, or who is regarded as such by the members of the household.

D. Housing census characteristics

18. Housing information

The general definition applied in this census for housing unit is:

A structurally separate and independent place of abode which, by the way it has been constructed, converted or arranged is intended for habitation by one household. Structures or parts of structures which are not intended for habitation such as commercial, industrial, and cultural buildings or natural and man-made shelters such as caves, boats, abandoned trucks, culverts, and others, but which are used as living quarters by households.

The general definition applied in this census for conventional dwelling is:

A separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation, or one not intended for habitation but occupied as living quarters by a household at the time of the census. A dwelling unit may be a group of rooms or just one room, barong-barong, boat or cave

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

Yes

The general definition applied in this census for room is:

19. Definition of cities

(as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census is:

The Philippine Standard Geographic Code (PSGC) is a classification and coding of the geographical-political subdivisions of the country, such as the region, the province, the municipality/city and the barangay.

<https://psa.gov.ph/classification/psgc/>

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

█

City 2 – Territory refers to:

█

City 3 – Territory refers to:

█

City 4 – Territory refers to:

█

E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

Refer to <https://psa.gov.ph/population-and-housing>