# United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: Germany

Population census date: 15.5.2022 Housing census date: 15.5.2022

### A. General population census information

### 1. Census - taking methodological approaches

(1) Traditional census - full field enumeration	
If yes, please circle the mode of data collection among options (a) to (f) listed below:	
(a) paper questionnaire only	
(b) paper questionnaire and tablet computers	
(c) tablet computers only	
(d) tablet computers and internet	
(e) internet and paper questionnaires	
(f) other (please describe)	
(2) Combined census If yes, please circle the method of census taking among the options (a) to (c) listed below:	X□
<ul> <li>(a) register(s)* and ad-hoc surveys</li> <li>(b) register(s)* and existing surveys</li> <li>(c) other (please describe)</li> </ul>	
*Please list the register or registers that are used.	
Population registers	
(3) Fully register based census	

(4) Rolling census			
(5) Other, please specify			
2. Type of population count and coverage			
Type of population count			
(a) Present / de facto population			
(b) Usual resident population	Χ□		
According to population register law			
(c) Other, please specify			
3. Geospatial information for this census			
(a) Is this census a geospatial census? No			
(b) If Yes, is it polygon or point-based?			
(c) Describe the enumeration units:			
(d) Are there gaps or overlaps in enumeration	n units?		
4. Please specify whether the following population	on groups w	ere enumera	ted in the
census:			
Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads and persons living in areas to which access is difficult			Χ□
(b) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country	X□		
(c) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a border daily and are in the country temporarily	X□		
(d) Refugees, asylum seekers and internally displaced persons	X□		
(e) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country	X□		
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic		X□	

country

(g) Civilian foreigners who cross a border daily to work in the country		Χ□	
(h) Civilian residents who cross a border daily to work in another country	X□		
(i) Merchant seafarers and fishers resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census	Χ□		
(j) Homeless or roofless persons, vagrants and persons with no concept of usual residence		X□	
(k) Persons living in buildings with restricted access	Χ□		
(I) Stateless persons	X□		

5. In case the enumeration was performed according to the 'usual resident population' concept, please complete the following additional table. For each of the population groups listed in the following table, please indicate whether they were included, excluded, or not applicable in the usual resident population count.

Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration			Χ□
that cannot identify their place of			
usual residence, such as those who move often;			
(b) National military, naval and diplomatic	X□		
personnel and their families, located			
outside the country;			
(c) Foreign persons working for international	Χ□		
organizations (not including foreign			
diplomats or military forces), provided that they			
meet the criteria for usual residence			
in the country;			
(d) Merchant seafarers and fishers usually	Χ□		
resident in the country but at sea at the			
time of the census (including those who have no			
place of residence other than			
their quarters aboard ship);			

(e) Persons who may be illegal, irregular or undocumented migrants, as well as asylum seekers and persons who have applied for or been granted refugee status or similar types of international protections, provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;	X□		
<b>(f)</b> Persons who cross a frontier daily or weekly to work or study in another country,	Χ□		
provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;			
(g) Children born in the 12 months before the census reference time and whose	X□		
families are usually resident in the country at the census reference time;			
(h) Persons of minor age studying abroad for one year or more to attain the primary or secondary level of education, regardless of the frequency of return to the family home located within the country. If the person is also working abroad, the same rules for cross-border workers apply;	Depends on whether registered in population register or not		
(i) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.	x□		
(j) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families, located in the country, regardless of their place of usual residence;		Χ□	
(k) Persons of minor age attending the primary or secondary level of education whose family home is located abroad, regardless of the duration of their stay. However, if	Depends on whether registered in		

these persons are also working in the country, then the identification of the place of usual residence follows the same rules as for cross-border workers;	population register or not	
(I) Third-level students who are absent from the country for one year or more;	Depends on whether registered in population register or not	
(m) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are not present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.	Χ□	

### 6. Estimated census coverage

Estimated coverage:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Census under-enumeration / omissions (specify unit: persons)	1274121	651027	623094
(b) Census over-enumeration / erroneous inclusions and duplications (specify unit: persons)	3585352	1798556	1786796
(c) Net coverage error (specify unit: persons)	2311234	Not available	Not available
(d) Net coverage error rate	0.02858		

Base denominator for computing net coverage error rate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	
(b) Estimated "complete" population	Χ□
(c) Unknown	

Method(s) used in estimating coverage error:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	Χ□
Date conducted:	
Size of sample (specify unit: address):	
For total area: 800000	
For urban areas:	
For rural areas:	
Population groups excluded:	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify:	
(c) Other methods, please specify:	

### 7. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

Locality with 2.000 or more inhabitants

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Locality with less than 2.000 inhabitants

### 8. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

### 9. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

According to EU regulation 2017/543

### 10. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

### 11. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

yes

If yes, which revision? 2011

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCED? Please specify revision number.

\_

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED. Please specify revision number.

#### B. Economic characteristics

### 12. Activity status / labour force status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

no

What reference period do you use to establish the activity status (labour force status) of a person?

9 to 15 May 2022 for persons in employment. Additionally, in order to differentiate between unemployed and economically inactive persons, those not in employment were asked whether they actively sought work in the four weeks prior to the survey.

13. Please specify whether the groups of persons listed in the following table are included or excluded in the 'in employment' category in your census, by marking the appropriate box below.

	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons with a job for pay or profit who, during the reference period, were on training or skills enhancement activities required by their job or for another job in the same economic unit;			
(b) Apprentices, interns or trainees who work for pay in cash or in kind;	$\boxtimes$		
(c) Persons who work for pay or profit through employment promotion programs;			
(d) Persons who work in their own economic units to produce goods intended <i>mainly</i> for sale or barter, even if part of the output is consumed by the household or family;			
(e) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they continue to perform some tasks and duties of the job, excluding, however, fulfilment of legal or administrative obligations (for example pay taxes);			
(f) Regular members of the armed forces and persons on military or alternative civilian service who perform this work for pay in cash or in kind;			
(g) Apprentices, interns and trainees who work without pay in cash or in kind (that is, unpaid trainee work);			
(h) Participants in skills training or retraining schemes within employment promotion programs, when <i>not</i> engaged in the production process of an economic unit;			
(i) Persons who are required to perform work as a condition of continued receipt of a government social benefit such as unemployment insurance;			
(j) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off season, if they <i>cease</i> to perform the tasks and duties of the job;			

(k) Persons who retain a right to return to the	$\boxtimes$		
same economic unit but who were absent (for			
reasons such as parental leave, educational			
leave, care for others, other personal reasons,			
temporary lay-off, suspension of work), when the			
total duration of the absence exceeds the			
specified threshold or if the test of receipt of			
remuneration is not fulfilled;			
(I) Persons on indefinite lay-off who do not have		$\boxtimes$	
an assurance of return to employment with the			
same economic unit;			
(m) Persons who work to produce goods intended			$\boxtimes$
mainly or exclusively for consumption or use by the			
household or family, even if a surplus or part of			
the output is sold or bartered (that is, own-use			
production of goods;			
(n) Household members who provide unpaid		$\boxtimes$	
services for consumption or use by their			
household (that is, own-use provision of			
services);			
(o) Persons who work voluntarily and without pay		$\boxtimes$	
to produce goods or services through or for other			
economic units, including market, non-market			
units and households (that is, volunteer work).			

### 14. Status in Employment

Based on the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), the status in employment may be classified as follows:

- (a) Employees;
- (b) Self-employed:
  - i. Employers;
  - ii. Own-account workers;
  - iii. Members of producers' cooperatives;
  - iv. Contributing family workers;

(c) Persons not classifiable by status.

Do you follow the above structure, for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

No (in part)

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to the above structure?

No (no data on members of producers' cooperatives)

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

- (a) Salaried employees/wage earners
- (b) Civil servants
- (c) Self-employed people with employees
- (d) Self-employed people without employees
- (e) Contributing family workers

### 15. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

yes

If yes, which revision? 2008

If any other or national classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCO? Please specify revision number.

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO. Please specify revision number.

\_

#### 16. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes (NACE)

If yes, which revision? 4

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISIC? Please specify revision number.

\_

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC. Please specify revision number.

No deviations on the level of sections.

### C. Household characteristics

#### 17. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

The **household-dwelling concept** considers all persons living in a housing unit to be members of the same household, such that there is one household per occupied housing unit.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

The family nucleus is defined in a narrow sense; that is as two or more persons who belong to the same household and who are related as husband and wife, as partners in a registered partnership, as partners in a consensual union, or as parent and child. Thus a family comprises a couple without children or a couple with one or more children, or a lone parent with one or more children.

### 18. Head of household / reference person of household

Which one among the following options was used to determine the relationships between household members?

Please select one.

- a) Head of household
- b) Reference person
- c) Other; please describe

Regarding your answer to the previous question, please provide the definition of head of household or reference person that was used in the Census.

b)

Definition:

Based on the reference person, the other people in the household are linked to this person. The household types are also formed depending on the reference person. The assignment of the reference person depends on age, marital status and gender

### D. Housing census characteristics

#### 19. Housing information

The general definition applied in this census for housing unit is:

A building for residential purposes is any detached structure or any structure in a group of adjoining structures that are separated by a firewall. As a rule, neighbouring buildings each have their own entrances and staircases. The building has at least one dwellling, regardless of whether it is occupied or vacant.

"Other housing units" includes occupied gazebos, occupied caravans, occupied caravans, occupied mobile homes and similar.

The general definition applied in this census for conventional dwelling is:

A dwelling is defined as rooms that are closed off from the outside, intended for residential purposes and are usually located together which enable the person to run their own household. Dwellings have their own entrance directly from the outside, from a stairwell or a vestibule. However, a dwelling may also include cellar or floor rooms developed for residential purposes (e.g. attics) outside the actual end of the dwelling.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

Yes

The general definition applied in this census for <u>room</u> is:

The number of rooms includes all living rooms, dining rooms and bedrooms and bedrooms and other separate rooms (e.g. habitable cellar and attic rooms) of at least 6 m² in size as well as kitchens regardless of their size.

## 20. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census is:

#### Definition not existing

City 1 (Capital City) - Territory refers to:

City 2 – Territory refers to:

City 3 – Territory refers to:

City 4 – Territory refers to:

### E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

www.zensus2022.de