United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census

Reporting country: Guyana

Population census date: 15th September 2022 Housing census date: 15th September 2022

A. General population census information

1. Census - taking methodological approaches

(1) Traditional census - full field enumeration	
If yes, please circle the mode of data collection among options (a) to (f) listed below:	
(a) paper questionnaire only	
(b) paper questionnaire and tablet computers	
(c) tablet computers only	
(d) tablet computers and internet	
(e) internet and paper questionnaires	
(f) other (please describe)	
(2) Combined census	
If yes, please circle the method of census taking among the options (a) to (c) listed below:	
(a) register(s)* and ad-hoc surveys(b) register(s)* and existing surveys(c) other (please describe)	
*Please list the register or registers that are used.	
(3) Fully register based census	

(4) Rolling census			
(5) Other, please specify			
2. Type of population count and coverage			
Type of population count			
(a) Present / de facto population			
(b) Usual resident population			
(c) Other, please specify			
3. Geospatial information for this census			
(a) Is this census a geospatial census? Yes			
(b) If Yes, is it polygon or point-based? Point-	based coordi	nates were c	ollected.
(c) Describe the enumeration units: The e based on population size. It varied in size this variance is as a result of the communities. For the coastal and hinterl 80 buildings respectively were used to del those regions.	for the coastageographical and regions a	al and hinterla spread of an average c	and areas, hinterland of 120 and
(d) Are there gaps or overlaps in enumeration which was observed during the enumeration prior to enumeration. There were no gaps4. Please specify whether the following populations:	on period, ho s between en	wever, it was umeration un	s resolved its.
Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads and persons living in areas to which access is difficult			
(b) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the country			
(c) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a border daily and are in the country temporarily			
(d) Refugees, asylum seekers and internally displaced persons: (See note below)			

(e) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country			
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country			
(g) Civilian foreigners who cross a border daily to work in the country			
(h) Civilian residents who cross a border daily to work in another country			
(i) Merchant seafarers and fishers resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census			
(j) Homeless or roofless persons, vagrants and persons with no concept of usual residence			
(k) Persons living in buildings with restricted access			
(I) Stateless persons (See note below)			
5. In case the enumeration was performed accompopulation' concept, please complete the follow. For each of the population groups listed in the follow they were included, excluded, or not applicable in the	ing additiona ving table, ple	al table.	nt
Domitation group		ent populatio	
Population group	Included		n count.
Population group (a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration that cannot identify their place of		ent populatio	n count.
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration		ent populatio	n count.
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration that cannot identify their place of		ent populatio	n count.
(a) Persons found at the moment of enumeration that cannot identify their place of usual residence, such as those who move often;(b) National military, naval and diplomatic		ent populatio	n count.

diplomats or military forces), provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence		
in the country;		
(d) Merchant seafarers and fishers usually resident in the country but at sea at the time of the census (including those who have no place of residence other than their quarters aboard ship);		
(e) Persons who may be illegal, irregular or undocumented migrants, as well as asylum seekers and persons who have applied for or been granted refugee status or similar types of international protections, provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;		
(f) Persons who cross a frontier daily or weekly to work or study in another country, provided that they meet the criteria for usual residence in the country;		
(g) Children born in the 12 months before the census reference time and whose families are usually resident in the country at the census reference time;		
(h) Persons of minor age studying abroad for one year or more to attain the primary or secondary level of education, regardless of the frequency of return to the family home located within the country. If the person is also working abroad, the same rules for cross-border workers apply;		
(i) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are		

present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.		
(j) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families, located in		
the country, regardless of their place of usual residence;		
(k) Persons of minor age attending the primary or secondary level of education whose family home is located abroad, regardless of the duration of their stay. However, if these persons are also working in the country, then the identification of the place of usual residence follows the same rules as for cross-border workers;		
(I) Third-level students who are absent from the country for one year or more;		
(m) Persons who regularly live in more than one country during a year, if they are not present in the country at the moment of the enumeration.		

6. Estimated census coverage

Estimated coverage:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Census under-enumeration / omissions (specify unit:			
(b) Census over-enumeration / erroneous inclusions and duplications (specify unit:			
(c) Net coverage error (specify unit:			
(d) Net coverage error rate			

Note: A PES was not conducted.

Base denominator for computing net coverage error rate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	
(b) Estimated "complete" population	
(c) Unknown	

Method(s) used in estimating coverage error:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	
Date conducted:	
Size of sample (specify unit:):	
For total area:	
For urban areas:	
For rural areas:	
Population groups excluded:	
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify:	
(c) Other methods, please specify:	

7. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

All townships within Guyana were classified as urban areas for the Census.

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

Areas outside of the townships were classified as rural areas.

8. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

Guyana has one city which is the Capital City: Georgetown.

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

Not Applicable

9. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

Not Applicable

10. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

Like previous censuses there were no questions posed to the population to determine its ability to read and write as stated in the definition for literacy. The approach to measure literacy in Guyana will be the same as was previously done.

Data captured for class completed and the highest level of education reached by all adults, 15 years old and above was used to derive the literacy rate.

It was then inferred that the illiterate adult population would be any adult who did not attend any educational institution at all or entered school but dropped out in the early years of schooling or continued in school but finally dropped out after completing, Standard-Three/Grade 5. Such adults were classified as illiterate and therefore considered unable to either read or write.

11. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

Yes, Guyana uses ISCED for the tabulation of the population by educational attainment.

If yes, which revision?

The most applicable version will be used for the tabulation.

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCED? Please specify revision number.

Not Applicable

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED. Please specify revision number.

B. Economic characteristics

12. Activity status / labour force status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

15 years is the lower age limit

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

There is no maximum age limit for activity status. Data was collected once the respondent indicated they worked.

What reference period do you use to establish the activity status (labour force status) of a person?

- 1. Past 1 week for current activity
- 2. Past 12 months for usual activity

13. Please specify whether the groups of persons listed in the following table are included or excluded in the 'in employment' category in your census, by marking the appropriate box below.

	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Persons with a job for pay or profit who,			
during the reference period, were on training or			
skills enhancement activities required by their job			
or for another job in the same economic unit;			
(b) Apprentices, interns or trainees who work for pay in cash or in kind;			
(c) Persons who work for pay or profit through employment promotion programs;			
(d) Persons who work in their own economic units to produce goods intended <i>mainly</i>			
for sale or barter, even if part of the output is consumed by the household or family;			

(e) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off		
season, if they continue to perform some		
tasks and duties of the job, excluding, however,		
fulfilment of legal or administrative obligations		
(for example pay taxes);		
(f) Regular members of the armed forces and		
persons on military or alternative civilian service		
who perform this work for pay in cash or in kind;		
(g) Apprentices, interns and trainees who work		
without pay in cash or in kind (that is, unpaid		
trainee work);		
(h) Participants in skills training or retraining		
schemes within employment promotion		
programs, when <i>not</i> engaged in the production		
process of an economic unit;		
(i) Persons who are required to perform work as a		
condition of continued receipt of a government		
social benefit such as unemployment insurance;		
(j) Persons with seasonal jobs during the off		
season, if they cease to perform the tasks and		
duties of the job;		
(k) Persons who retain a right to return to the		
same economic unit but who were absent (for		
reasons such as parental leave, educational		
leave, care for others, other personal reasons,		
temporary lay-off, suspension of work), when the		
total duration of the absence exceeds the		
specified threshold or if the test of receipt of		
remuneration is not fulfilled;		
(I) Persons on indefinite lay-off who do not have		
an assurance of return to employment with the		
same economic unit;		
(m) Persons who work to produce goods intended		
mainly or exclusively for consumption or use by the		
household or family, even if a surplus or part of		

the output is sold or bartered (that is, own-use		
production of goods;		
(n) Household members who provide unpaid		
services for consumption or use by their		
household (that is, own-use provision of		
services);		
(o) Persons who work voluntarily and without pay		
to produce goods or services through or for other		
economic units, including market, non-market		
units and households (that is, volunteer work).		

14. Status in Employment

Based on the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), the status in employment may be classified as follows:

- (a) Employees;
- (b) Self-employed:
 - i. Employers;
 - ii. Own-account workers;
 - iii. Members of producers' cooperatives;
 - iv. Contributing family workers;
- (c) Persons not classifiable by status.

Do you follow the above structure, for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

Yes, the Employment status follows the same structure with one exception, the classification "Members of producers' cooperatives" is excluded while a category for Apprentice/ Learner/ Trainee is included.

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to the above structure?

If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

15. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation?

Yes, Guyana follows the ISCO for the tabulation of the employed population by occupation

If yes, which revision? 2008

If any other or national classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISCO? Please specify revision number.

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO. Please specify revision number.

16. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes, Guyana follows the ISIC for the tabulation of the employed population by industry

If yes, which revision? Rev 4

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data according to ISIC? Please specify revision number.

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC. Please specify revision number.

C. Household characteristics

17. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

A household is defined as one or more persons living together (i.e., sleeping together at least 4 nights per week) and sharing at least one daily meal. It is important to note that a member of a household need not be a relative of the main family or the head of the household.

General definition of a <u>family nucleus</u> for this census is: <u>Family nucleus was not included</u> in the census questionnaires.

18. Head of household / reference person of household

Which one among the following options was used to determine the relationships between household members?

Please select one.

- a) Head of household was used to determine the relationships between household members
- b) Reference person
- c) Other; please describe

Regarding your answer to the previous question, please provide the definition of head of household or reference person that was used in the Census.

Head of the Household is defined as a person designated by members of the household as its head or the person recognized as such by the respondent.

D. Housing census characteristics

19. Housing information

The general definition applied in this census for housing unit is:

Housing Unit was referred to as a dwelling unit.

The general definition applied in this census for conventional dwelling is:

A dwelling unit is any building or separate and independent part of a building or a room in which a person or group of persons were living on Census Night. It must have direct access from the street or common landing, staircase, passage, or gallery where occupants can enter or leave without passing through another household's living quarters.

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

Yes, vacant dwelling units are captured during the enumeration.

The general definition applied in this census for <u>room</u> is:

A room is defined as an area, which is permanently separated by means of walls from other parts of the dwelling unit and excludes bathrooms, galleries, toilets, pantries, corridors, porches and storerooms. Include as rooms, living rooms, bedrooms, dining rooms, kitchens, sewing rooms, libraries and servant rooms (attached or detached from the main building). Count as one room if a household uses a temporary partition with a curtain within the room to divide it. If, however, there is a permanent partition dividing the floor area, you must count this as two rooms.

20. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census is:

Guyana has one (1) city referred to as the capital city. There was no need to define what is classified as a city.

City 1 (Capital City) – Territory refers to:

Georgetown

City 2 – Territory refers to:

Not Applicable

City 3 – Territory refers to:

Not Applicable

City 4 – Territory refers to:

Not Applicable

E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

No data for the 2022 Population and Housing Census has been published to date.