

**Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration**

<b>I. Basis of tabulation</b>	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	X	X	X	X	X	X
- date of registration						
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?						

<b>II. Estimated completeness of registration</b>	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	X	X	X	X	X	X
75-89 per cent						
50-74 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis						
-Dual record check						
-Questions in population census						
-Questions in sample surveys						
-Other (specify)	X	X	X	X	X	X
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

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**Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources**

<b>Basis of vital statistics estimates is</b>						
- Population censuses (date)						
- Sample surveys						

- Population registers						
- Dual record systems						
- Other (specify)						

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on other sources than civil registration:

**Additional metadata for selected tables**

**Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions**

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:	
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	

**Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion**

<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.	X	of the pregnant woman
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.	X	pregnancy not wanted

**Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables**

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	De Facto
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	No
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	Yes, Gompertz

If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?	No	
<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?		
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths		
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths		
c) Information on deaths from census		
d) Life expectancy at birth		
e) Under-five mortality		
f) Infant mortality		

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**Table 22 Minimum legal marriage age**

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent	18	16
b) Without parental consent	21	21

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