# **United Nations Statistics Division: Demographic Yearbook**

# **Questionnaire on Metadata for Population and Housing Census**

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Reporting country:			
Population census date:	e:		
A. General population census information			
1. Census information			
Type of census			
(a) Traditional census	$\boxtimes$		
(b) Register based census			
(c) Combination			
(d) Other, please specify			
2. Type of population count and coverage  Type of population count			
(a) De facto / population present	$\boxtimes$		
(b) De jure / usual resident population			
(c) Other, please specify			
Please specify whether the following population census	on groups w	ere enumera	ated in the
Population group	Included	Excluded	Not applicable
(a) Nomads			
(b) Persons living in areas to which access is difficult			
(c) Military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located outside the country			
(d) Civilian residents temporarily absent from the			

country

3. Estimated census completeness		
(i) Refugees	$\boxtimes$	
(h) Civilian foreigners who cross a frontier daily to work in the country		
(g) Civilian foreigners who do not cross a frontier daily and are in the country temporarily, including undocumented persons, or transients on ships in harbour at the time of the census		
(f) Foreign military, naval and diplomatic personnel and their families located in the country		
(e) Civilian residents who cross a frontier daily to work in another country		

Estimated completeness:	Both sexes	Male	Female
(a) Gross under-enumeration (specify unit:)	-	-	-
(b) Gross over-enumeration (specify unit:)	172 094	92 084	80 010
(c) Net error (specify unit:)	-	-	-

Base denominator for this estimate is:	
(a) Enumerated population	
(b) Estimated "complete" population	
(c) Don't know	$\boxtimes$

Method(s) used in estimating completeness:	
(a) Post Enumeration Survey (PES)	
Date conducted:	2009
Size of sample (specify unit:):	10 %
For total area:	Х
For urban areas:	-

For rural areas:	-
Population groups excluded:	-
(b) Demographic analysis, please specify:	-
(c) Other methods, please specify: Control bypass in order to clarify the completeness of coverage of the population census	$\boxtimes$

# 4. Definition of urban/rural

The definition of urban areas for this census is:

**Urban population centres** include cities of republican, oblast and raion status and settlements located under their administrative jurisdiction

The definition of rural areas for this census is:

**Rural population centres** include all other centres regardless of their administrative jurisdiction.

#### 5. Definition of cities

The definition of a city proper for this census is:

**City of Republican status** - population centres of special national importance or with a population of usually more than one million.

Cities of Oblast status - population centres that are major economic and cultural centers with developed industrial and social infrastructure and a population of more than 50,000. The country has 40 oblast-status cities.

Cities of district level, which include settlements on the territory of which there are industrial enterprises, public utilities, public housing fund, developed network of educational, cultural, medical and shopping facilities, with a population of not less than 10 thousand people, including workers, employees and their family members account for over two thirds of the total population.

The definition of urban agglomeration for this census is:

When conducting the population census of 2009, this concept was not used

### 6. Definition of locality

The definition of a locality for this census is:

**Population centre** – a part of compactly populated territory of the republic arising as a result of economic and other social activities of people, with a population of at least 50 people, accounted for and registered in accordance with law-prescribed procedures and governed by local representative and executive bodies. Population centres are divided into urban and rural ones.

## 7. Definition of literacy

The definition of "literate" and "illiterate" for this census is:

A literate person is a person who can read, with understanding of the reading, write a short simple statement on his everyday life.

An illiterate is a person who can neither read, with understanding of the reading, nor write a simple statement on his everyday life.

#### 8. Educational attainment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Education (ISCED) for tabulating the population by educational attainment?

No, the education levels used for 2009 population census do not correspond to education levels of ISCED classification

If so, what revision?

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCED (specify revision number)?

No

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISCED (specify revision number).

There is a difference between the levels of education according to the national legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and ISCED

#### B. Economic characteristics

# 1. Activity status

What is the lower age limit for the collection of information on activity status in this census?

# 15 year

Is there a maximum age limit for collection of information on activity status for this census?

#### No

What reference period do you use to determine the economic activity of a person?

At the time of the census in the period from 25 February to 6 March

# 2. Definition of economically active population used in this census

Definition of economically active population	
(a) Usually active population	
(b) Currently active population	$\boxtimes$
(c) Other, please specify	

Are the following groups considered economically active in the national tabulations? If not, please indicate how they are classified:

Economic group	Yes	No
(a) contributing (unpaid) family workers	$\boxtimes$	
(b) unemployed persons including those never previously employed		
(c) armed forces;	$\boxtimes$	
(d) part-time workers even though they may spend most time at non-gainful activities		
(e) domestic servants	$\boxtimes$	

# 3. Status in Employment

Do you follow the International Standard Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93), for the classification of the Status in Employment in your country?

# Yes. ICSE-93 was adapted for Kazakhstan

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ICSE-93?

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If no, please point out the major deviations from ICSE-93.

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# 4. Occupation

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for Occupations (ISCO) for tabulating the employed population by occupation? Yes.

If yes, what revision? - ISCO-88

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISCO (specify revision number)?

If no, point out the major deviations from ISCO (specify revision number).

# 5. Industry

Do you follow the International Standard Classification for International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) for tabulating the employed population by industry?

Yes.

If so, what revision? - ISIC-2003

If any other classification is used, are you able to provide data in ISIC (specify revision number).

No

If no, please point out the major deviations from ISIC (specify revision number)...

## C. Household characteristics

#### 1. Definitions

General definition of a household for this census is:

**Household** - consists of two or more separate family units or one family unit and family (an)other member(s), when they include representatives of at least three generations.

General definition of a family nucleus for this census is:

**Nuclear family** - a family consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with unmarried children.

#### 2. Head of household / reference member

Definition	
(a) Head of household, defined as follows:	$\boxtimes$
The person who brings the main income or a person chosen by the members of the household	
(b) Reference member of household, defined as follows: -	
(c) Other (for example: Joint head of household):	

# D. Housing census characteristics

# 1. Housing information

What definition did you apply in this census for housing unit?

**Housing unit** – a separate and independent place of residence intended for living, but used by the household as a place of usual residence at the time of the census.

What definition did you apply in this census for conventional dwelling?

a permanent structure type, designed for long service life

Are vacant units included in the enumerated conventional dwellings?

-

What definition did you apply in this census for <u>room</u>?

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# 2. Definition of cities (as referred to in the Housing Census Questionnaire: City Data)

General definition of a city in the reporting country for this census

**Urban population centres** include cities of republican, oblast and raion status and settlements located under their administrative jurisdiction

City 1 (Capital City) - Territory refers to:

City 2 – Territory refers to:

**City of Republican status** - population centres of special national importance or with a population of usually more than one million.

## City 3 – Territory refers to:

Cities of Oblast status - population centres that are major economic and cultural centers with developed industrial and social infrastructure and a population of more than 50,000. The country has 40 oblast-status cities.

## City 4 – Territory refers to:

Cities of district level, which include settlements on the territory of which there are industrial enterprises, public utilities, public housing fund, developed network of educational, cultural, medical and shopping facilities, with a population of not less than 10 thousand people, including workers, employees and their family members account for over two thirds of the total population.

## E. Bibliography of Population and Housing Statistics

Please list publications that contain results of your latest population census and your latest housing census:

Publications posted on the official website of the Committee on statistics of the Ministry of national economy of the Republic of Kazakhstan:

- 1. The Population Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan
- 2. Ethnic composition, religion and languages in the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 3. Migration of population of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 4. Education in the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 5. Households Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan
- 6. Marriage and family
- 7. Employment of population of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 8. The income and livelihoods of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 9. Men and women in the Republic of Kazakhstan
- 10. The Youth Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan
- 11. Children Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan
- 12. Women Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan
- 13. The elderly population
- 14. Portrait of the city
- 15. Portrait of a village
- 16. Housing characteristics of the population of the Republic of Kazakhstan