

Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence						
- date of registration	yes	Yes	Yes			
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?						

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
100 per cent	88.3					
90 - 99 per cent		76.6				
80 - 89 per cent						
70 - 79 per cent						
60 - 69 per cent						
50 - 59 per cent			Under CRS, Completeness of infant deaths is not calculated, only number of Registered Infant Deaths are provided.			
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:	2015	2015				
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers						
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis						
-Dual record check						
-Questions in population census						
-Questions in sample surveys	Method specified to calculate Level of Registration Placed below	Method specified to calculate Level of Registration Placed below				
-Other (specify)	Method specified to calculate Level of Registration Placed below	Method specified to calculate Level of Registration Placed below				
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

http://crsorgi.gov.in/web/uploads/download/crs_report%202015_23062017.pdf (page No. 16 Providing Level of Registration of Births & Deaths - Reference VITAL STATISTICS OF INDIA BASED ON THE CIVIL REGISTRATION SYSTEM 2015)

Level of Registration: The level of registration, defined as the percentage of registered births/deaths to the births/deaths estimated through SRS, determines the performance level of a State / Union territory with regard to functioning of Civil Registration System.

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is						
- Population censuses (date)						
- Sample surveys						
- Population registers						
- Dual record systems						
- Other (specify)						

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on other sources than civil registration:

Additional metadata for selected tables

Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:	
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	

Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.	de Jure population	
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	Five-yearly Moving average	
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	MORTPAK (United Nation's Software Package for mortality measurement)	
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.		

Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?		
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?		
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?		
If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?		
<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?		
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths		
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths	X	
c) Information on deaths from census		
d) Life expectancy at birth		
e) Under-five mortality		
f) Infant mortality		

--

Table 22 Minimum legal marriage age

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent		
b) Without parental consent		

--