Malaysia

Reporting Year: 2015

Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	X	Х	X	X		
- date of registration						
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?	1911	1911	1932	1959		

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	Х	Х				
75-89 per cent						
50-74 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers	2000, 2005-2009 & 2010	2010				
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis	Х					
-Dual record check	Х					
-Questions in population census						
-Questions in sample surveys						
-Other (specify)	Х	Х				
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Other Method Used - Rapid Assessment of National Civil Registration and Vital Statistics Systems

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is			
- Population censuses (date)			
- Sample surveys			
- Population registers			
- Dual record systems			
- Other (specify)			

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on other sources than civil registration:

Additional metadata for selected tables

Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of	Urban areas are defined as gazetted areas with their adjoining built-up areas which had a combined population of 10,000 or more at the time of the 2010 Population and Housing Census. Built-up areas are defined as areas contiguous to a gazetted area with at least 60 per cent of their population (aged 15 years and over) engaged in non-agricultural activities as well as having modern toilet facilities in their housing units.
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	Rural areas refer to the remaining areas of the two areas classified above. This definition had been used since 2010.

Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

rubic 1.0 - Crounds for legally induced abortion		
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	Х	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.		
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.		

Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure				
population?	De jure population			
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	No			
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	No			
If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?	Coale-Demeny West			
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	x			
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?				
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths				
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths	x			
c) Information on deaths from census				
d) Life expectancy at birth				
e) Under-five mortality				
f) Infant mortality				

Table 22 Minumum legal marriage age

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take		
place:	Men	Women
		16 (muslim), 18 (non-
a) With parental consent	18	muslim)
	18 (muslim), 21 (non-	18 (muslim), 21 (non-
b) Without parental consent	muslim)	muslim)

Note a) - In addition to with parental consent, minimum legal marriage age for non Muslim women were above 18 years old.

b) - In addition to without parental consent, minimum legal marriage age for non Muslim men and women were above 21 years old.