Tajikistan Reporting Year: 2009

Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	Х	Х	Х	Х		
- date of registration	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?						

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	Х				Х	Х
75-89 per cent		X				
50-74 per cent			Х	Х		
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers	2001	2007	2007	2001	2007	2007
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis						
-Dual record check						
-Questions in population census	2010		2010		2010	2010
-Questions in sample surveys	2010		2010			
-Other (specify)						
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is						
- Population censuses (date)	Х				Х	
- Sample surveys	Х		Х			
- Population registers	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х
- Dual record systems						

- Other (specify)					
Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates	of vital statistics	based on ot	her sources than	civil registration:	

Additional metadata for selected tables

Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it	
has been in use:	urban area conditioned low
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it	
has been in use:	rurel area conditioned low

Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	Х	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.	x	
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	x	
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	х	
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	х	
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.	x	sosial status

Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	de jure population
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	Nº
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages	
(e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	Nº

Nº									
	1								
Х									
х									
х									
		 7							
Men	Women								
Men 17	Women 17								
17	17								
17	17								
	Nº X X X X	Nº X	Nº X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Nº X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Nº X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Nº X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Nº	Nº X	Nº