Turkey

Reporting Year: 2016

## Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	X	Х	Х		X	Х
- date of registration						
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?	Since 2001	Since 2009	Since 2009		Since 2001	Since 2001

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	X	Х	X		X	Х
75-89 per cent						
50-74 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers						
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis						
-Dual record check						
-Questions in population census						
-Questions in sample surveys						
-Other (specify)						
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

## Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is			
- Population censuses (date)			
- Sample surveys			

- Population registers					
- Dual record systems					
- Other (specify)					
Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates	of vital statisti	cs based on	other sources tha	n civil registration:	
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#### Additional metadata for selected tables

#### Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

	"urban."
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	And localities (municipality or village) which have population 20.000 and below are defined as "rural."

### Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

Table 1.0 - Grounds for legally induced abortion		
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	Х	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.		
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.		

# **Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables**

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	De jure
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	Yes. Moving average method
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages	
(e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	No

If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?	No	
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	X	1
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?		
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths		
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths	Х	
c) Deaths census information		
d) Life expectancy at birth		
e) Under-five mortality		
f) Infant mortality		

Table 22 Minumum legal marriage age

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent	16	16
b) Without parental consent	18	18

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