Finland

Reporting Year: 2010

Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration

I. Basis of tabulation	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	Х	Х	Х	х	х	x
- date of registration						
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?						

II. Estimated completeness of registration	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х
75-89 per cent						
50-74 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers						
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis						
-Dual record check						
-Questions in population census						
-Questions in sample surveys						
-Other (specify)						
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources

Basis of vital statistics estimates is			
- Population censuses (date)			
- Sample surveys			

- Dual record systems					
- Other (specify)					
Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates	of vital statistics	s based on ot	ther sources than	civil registration	
From the day reported accompling the methods accomplished	or vital otationed	, pacca 611 61	arer courses aran	own regionation.	

- Population registers

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Additional metadata for selected tables

Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:	Urban municipalities are those municipalities in which at least 90 per cent of the population lives in urban settlements, or in which the population of the largest urban settlement is at least 15,000. The regional division for 1.1.2009 urban/rural classification used since 1998 in whole time series (revised figures)
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	Rural = Semi-urban+rural: Semi-urban municipalities are municipalities in which at least 60 per cent but less than 90 per cent of the population lives in urban settlements, and in which the population of the largest urban settlement is at least 4,000 but less than 15,000. Rural municipalities are those municipalities in which less than 60 per cent of the population lives in urban settlements, and in which the population of the largest urban settlement is less than 15,000, as well as those municipalities in which at least 60 per cent but less than 90 per cent of the population lives in urban settlements, and in which the population of the largest urban settlement is less than 4,000.

Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion

Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	Х	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.	х	
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	х	
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	х	
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.	Х	
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.	х	

	X
	Social reasons:
	Considerable strain caused by living or other conditions
	Age below 17 years at conception
	Age over 40 years at conception
	Women has given birth to at least four children
	Ethical reasons:
	Rape, incest and other reasons mentioned in the Penal Law
	According to the low, the medical reasons include the following:
	r too saming to this form, the moderate moderate and remembers.
	Medical reasons:
	Foetus has mental deficiency, severe illness or handicap
	Pregnancy is a risk for woman's life or health
	Woman's sickness, physical defect or infirmity
	Mother or father is not able to take care of the child
	initial of father to flot able to take out of the offile
f) Other release see: f.	
f) Other, please specify.	

Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	de Jure Population
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	No
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages	
(e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	No
If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life	
table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what	
model was used?	No
Please mark with an "X" the applicable options	X
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?	
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths	x
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths	
c) Deaths census information	
d) Life expectancy at birth	
e) Under-five mortality	
f) Infant mortality	

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Table 22 Minumum legal marriage age

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take		
place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent	1)	1)
b) Without parental consent	18	18

ſ	1) a person under eighteen years of age may conclude marriage under permission of the Ministry of Justice.
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