

**Quality of vital statistics obtained from civil registration**

<b>I. Basis of tabulation</b>	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
Present basis of tabulation:						
- date of occurrence	Yes	Yes	Yes			
- date of registration	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
How long has the present basis of tabulation been used?	least ten years	at least ten years	At least ten years	NA	at least ten years	at least ten years

<b>II. Estimated completeness of registration</b>	Live births	Deaths	Infant deaths	Late foetal deaths	Marriages	Divorces
90 per cent or more	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
75-89 per cent						
50-74 per cent						
Under 50 per cent						
Please specify:						
(a) Year(s) to which completeness estimate refers	2003-2013					
(b) Basis of completeness estimate						
-Demographic analysis	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes
-Dual record check	Yes					
-Questions in population census	Yes					
-Questions in sample surveys						
-Other (specify)						
-No evaluation						

Please include any reports describing completeness of registration and methods used in arriving at estimated completeness:

Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2009. (ABS cat. no 3228.0.55.001)
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**Quality of vital statistics obtained from other sources**

<b>Basis of vital statistics estimates is</b>						
- Population censuses (date)						

- Sample surveys						
- Population registers						
- Dual record systems						
- Other (specify)						

Please include any reports describing the methods used for estimates of vital statistics based on other sources than civil registration:

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**Additional metadata for selected tables**

**Table 1.1 - Urban / rural definitions**

Please state the definition used for urban area and the period of time it has been in use:	Description in table footnotes
Please state the definition used for rural area and the period of time it has been in use:	Description in table footnotes

**Table 1.6 - Grounds for legally induced abortion**

<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
a) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk to the life of the pregnant woman greater than if the pregnancy were terminated.		
b) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
c) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
d) Continuance of pregnancy would involve risk of injury to the mental or physical health of the pregnant woman greater than if pregnancy were terminated.		
e) There is a substantial risk that if the child were born it would suffer from such physical or mental abnormalities as to be seriously handicapped.		
f) Other, please specify.	NA	

**Tables 14a, 14b, 15a and 15b - Life tables**

Do the life tables refer to de Facto population or de Jure population?	
Was any method used to smoothen the life table? Which one?	
Was any specific method used to close the life table at older ages (e.g., Gompertz, Makeham, etc.)? Which one?	

If any model life table or relational model was used to derive the life table (e.g., Coale-Demeny West, UN South Asian pattern), what model was used?		
<i>Please mark with an "X" the applicable options</i>	X	
What source of data was used to compute the life tables?		
a) Unadjusted vital registration deaths		
b) Adjusted vital registration deaths		
c) Information on deaths from census		
d) Life expectancy at birth		
e) Under-five mortality		
f) Infant mortality		

**Table 22 Minimum legal marriage age**

Please specify the minimum legal age at which marriage can take place:	Men	Women
a) With parental consent		
b) Without parental consent		