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**Items for discussion and decision: environmental-economic accounting**

### **International Coordination Survey 2019**

Prepared by United Nations Committee of Experts on Environmental-Economic  
Accounting

## International Coordination Survey 2019 – an Introduction

As the international statistical standard which integrates economic and environmental information into a common framework, the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting (SEEA) plays a vital role in measuring progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). In reflection of this, the UN Statistical Commission at its 46<sup>th</sup> session in 2015 *‘Urged the Committee of Experts to advocate for and promote the scaling up of its implementation programme, exercising strong leadership in developing a concrete and well-resourced programme to support countries in implementing SEEA, with a clear timeline of objectives and deliverables.’* In response, the UN Committee of Experts on Environmental-Economic Accounting (UNCEEA) updated its implementation strategy to place the SEEA implementation in the broader context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

As part of the implementation strategy, the Committee aims to support the global implementation targets of having at least 100 countries with ongoing, well-resourced programmes in SEEA Central Framework accounting and 50 countries with ongoing, well-resourced programmes in ecosystem accounting by 2020. Well-coordinated capacity building efforts and the provision of targeted technical assistance are vital to reaching these goals. According to data from the [2017 Global Assessment of Environmental-Economic Accounting and Supporting Statistics](#) and updated information and data from members of the UNCEEA, 85 countries have compiled SEEA Central Framework accounts, and among them 44 countries comply with the UNCEEA definition of having implemented the SEEA (i.e., having compiled and published at least one SEEA account and having regular funding available to ensure continued publication). In addition, 32 countries have compiled SEEA Experimental Ecosystem Accounts, and among them 19 countries currently comply with the aforementioned UNCEEA definition. Another 27 countries are planning to compile accounts. While significant progress has been made over the last few years, additional efforts are needed to reach the implementation targets by 2020.

The current document compiles information from various international and regional organizations to identify recent, ongoing and planned capacity building activities by country. The capacity building activities identified in the current document include targeted technical assistance to countries on the compilation of specific modules, training initiatives and work carried out under environmental-economic accounting projects (among others). By sharing this programme of work, the document will help providers of assistance avoid duplication of efforts and encourage synergies when planning future activities.

| Country/region         | Dates   | Institutions involved | Description   |
|------------------------|---------|-----------------------|---|
| African countries      | 2018    | UNECA, FAO            | In Spring-Summer 2018, UNECA and FAO administered a <a href="#">blended learning initiative</a> focusing on the SEEA Central Framework (agriculture, forestry, air emissions, waste, water and energy accounts). The first phase of the initiative included an e-learning course and assessment. The second phase consisted of a regional face-to-face seminar in South Africa. Participants included the national statistical offices and line ministries of Burundi, Ghana, Nigeria, Morocco, Senegal, Cameroon, Botswana, Burundi, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Cote d'Ivoire, Ghana, Guinea, Lesotho, Morocco, Kenya, Mauritius, Nigeria, Uganda, Senegal, Zambia, Togo and South Africa.  |
| Asia Pacific countries | Ongoing | SIAP, with USP        | SIAP, in collaboration with the University of South Pacific (USP), held a <a href="#">Training Programme on Climate Change Related Statistics on the SEEA</a> , as part of SIAP's climate change-related statistics training. Countries involved included Cameroon, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, Indonesia, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Malawi, Malaysia, Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Mongolia, Myanmar, Papua New Guinea, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Sudan, Tajikistan and Thailand. Accounts covered included air emissions, ecosystem condition, EGSS, environmental subsidies and taxes, EPEA, land, timber/forest, waste, water and energy. Assistance is planned to continue in 2019, with the establishment of a sub-regional centre for training on the SEEA at USP in 2019. |
| Asia Pacific countries | Ongoing | ESCAP, with USP       | ESCAP, along with the University of South Pacific (USP), led a subregional <a href="#">training workshop</a> on climate change-related statistics and the SEEA for Pacific Island countries in September 2018. Countries involved included Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia (Federated States of), Nauru, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu. The training covered land, waste, water and energy accounts. Assistance is planned to continue in 2019, with the establishment of a sub-regional centre for training on the SEEA at USP in 2019.  |

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| Asia Pacific countries | August 2018 | ESCAP  | Several organizations and countries participated in the first <a href="#">Asia and the Pacific Regional Expert Workshop on Ocean Accounts</a> . Participating countries included Australia, Bangladesh, Canada, China, Fiji, France, Germany (contributor), Indonesia, Japan (contributor), Malaysia, Maldives, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, Republic of Korea, Samoa, Seychelles (contributor), Singapore (contributor), South Africa (contributor), Sri Lanka, Thailand, Timor Leste, UK, Vanuatu and Viet Nam. The workshop addressed spatial units and ecosystem type classifications, ecosystem services and disaster risk and climate change among other issues.   |
| ECLAC Region           | Nov. 2018   | IBGE, ECLAC, UNEP                                    | UNSD and the Brazilian Institute for Geography and Statistics (IBGE), in collaboration with the United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC), the United Nations Environment Programme (UN Environment), and the European Union, organized the <a href="#">Regional Training Workshop on the SEEA Experimental Ecosystem Accounting (SEEA EEA) for countries of Latin America and the Caribbean</a> , from 21 to 23 November 2018 in Rio de Janeiro. The training workshop was organized as part of the project “Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services” funded by the European Union, and implemented by UNSD, UN Environment and the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD). In total around 20 countries participated with both statisticians / accountants and policy makers in attendance. |
| EECCA region           | 2017-2018   | UNECE and UNSD, with Statistics Netherlands and UNDP | UNECE and UNSD held a blended learning workshop on the SEEA, involving Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Turkey, Ukraine and Uzbekistan. The national statistical offices and ministries of environment took online, self-paced modules with webinars on the SEEA Central Framework. In January, select representatives from each country attended <a href="#">an in-person workshop</a> in Minsk, Belarus. Accounts covered included air emissions, material flow, ecosystem extent, environmental protection expenditure, water and energy accounts. UNECE and UNSD provided financial support and technical experts, Statistics Netherlands provided a technical expert and UNDP provided logistical support.   |

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| EECCA region, OECD member countries, other UN member states | Ongoing | OECD, UNECE                | OECD and UNECE jointly organise <a href="#">a regular SEEA seminar</a> (with support from the NSOs of Australia, Canada, the Netherlands, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, the Russian Federation and Sweden, as well as from Eurostat and UNSD). The <a href="#">most recent seminar</a> (February 2019) focuses on water, environmentally related taxes and subsidies, and ecosystem accounts.   |
| EECCA region, Asia Pacific countries                        | 2019    | IEA, UNECE, UNSD and ESCAP | The statistics divisions of the IEA, UNECE, UNSD and ESCAP will hold a <a href="#">joint statistics training</a> on energy statistics and accounts and applications to policy in spring 2019. All EU4Energy programme countries will be involved, including Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Uzbekistan. Other countries, especially for those in the EECCA region, will also attend. National statistical offices, ministries of energy and ministries of environment will participate in the training. In addition, for the energy accounts, this workshop will be part of a blended learning initiative, with countries first participating in online modules and webinars on SEEA-Energy.  |
| European Union and other European countries                 | Ongoing | Eurostat                   | <a href="#">Eurostat</a> provides ongoing technical assistance to member countries as well as other European countries and candidate countries to the EU. Ongoing activities include:<br>1) creation of handbooks and manuals and expert visits to countries;<br>2) financial grants for co-financing quality improvements and the development of new accounts;<br>3) workshops for working groups and assistance with international meetings such as the OECD/UNECE SEEA seminar, London Group and UNCEEA meetings);<br>4) Provision of training courses on physical environmental accounts, monetary environmental accounts, water statistics and accounts, ecosystem accounts, waste statistics and indicator systems (SDGs);<br>5) Software assistance for questionnaires and compilation tools (for energy accounts, calculation of footprints etc). |

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|                              |           |                                       | In addition, in 2018, Eurostat developed an <a href="#">implementation plan</a> for the European Union for SEEA accounts (European Strategy for Environmental Accounts 2019-2023).   |
| South and South-eastern Asia | 2018-2019 | World Bank WAVES programme            | Under the <a href="#">WAVES</a> programme, the World Bank is delivering a series of technical assistance initiatives and workshops to countries in South and South-eastern Asia (Lao PDR, Cambodia, Myanmar, Viet Nam and Nepal) on ecosystem services.  |
| UN member states             | Ongoing   | UNDP, with UNSD and national partners | <p>UNDP countries to support SEEA implementation through a combination of global advocacy, events, initiatives and technical work at the country level.</p> <p>The <a href="#">UNDP Biodiversity Finance Initiative (BIOFIN)</a> has worked with UNSD and national partners to identify synergies between biodiversity expenditure reviews (BERs) compiled by the project and the national institutes of statistics or national accounts, where available. The first example of collaboration was <a href="#">Mexico</a>, where BIOFIN-BER collaborated innovatively with INEGI to measure environmental and energy expenditures, including those related to biodiversity. This resulted in a stronger framework to review the allocation of public, private, social resources and those derived from international cooperation. Further alignment and lessons learned are expected from the <a href="#">BER in Brazil</a> on basis of the preparatory work completed in 2018. The 2018 version of the BIOFIN methodology (“The Workbook”) recommends alignment with UN-SEEA and featured the case study of Mexico.</p> <p>BIOFIN works in over 30 countries. More information on BIOFIN and the countries we support is available here: <a href="https://www.biodiversityfinance.net/biofin-around-world">https://www.biodiversityfinance.net/biofin-around-world</a>.</p> <p>UNDP has also worked closely with UNSD throughout 2018 to develop strategies for leverage resources available through GEF-7 and other sources to respond to country demand for SEEA implementation.</p> |

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| Western Africa | 2018-2019 | World Bank WAVES programme                                     | Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank is delivering a series of technical assistance initiatives and workshops to countries in West Africa on ecosystem services.  |
| Western Asia   | 2018      | ESCWA, with AITRS, UNSD, UN Environment, League of Arab States | Organized by ESCWA and the Arab Institute for Training and Research in Statistics (AITRS), in collaboration with UNSD, and in coordination with UN Environment and the League of Arab States, a <a href="#">blended learning workshop</a> on the SEEA Central Framework and SDG indicators was held in Jordan in 2018. Participants from national statistical offices and ministries of environment took online, self-paced modules with webinars on the SEEA Central Framework. In March, select representatives from each country attended an in-person workshop in Amman, Jordan. Accounts covered included land, material flow, water accounts and links to the SDGs. Select ESCWA plans to continue to assist countries in implementing the SEEA in 2019.       |
| Armenia        | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency                                    | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. In Armenia, SEEA activities under the project will focus on land, forest, water, air emission, water emission, waste, environmental protection expenditure, environmental taxes and subsidies, environmental goods and services sector and ecosystem accounts. |
| Azerbaijan     | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency                                    | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. In Azerbaijan, SEEA activities under   |

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|         |           |                             | the project will focus on land, mineral and energy resources, energy flow, environmental protection expenditure and ecosystem accounts.   |
| Belarus | Ongoing   | ESCAP                       | ESCAP provided technical support on forest accounts and training on energy accounts to Kyrgyzstan, Belarus and Kazakhstan in June 2018. UNECE, UNDP, UN Environment, UN country teams and Austria Statistics were also involved in providing the assistance. In particular, UN Environment provided training on protected areas monitoring and information systems. ESCAP intends to continue assistance through supporting implementation of forest and energy accounts.   |
| Belarus | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. SEEA activities under the project will focus on land, forest, water, energy, environmental protection expenditure and ecosystem accounts. |
| Bhutan  | Ongoing   | ESCAP                       | ESCAP held a technical training workshop during March 2018 on waste, water and energy accounts. The workshop involved the NSO in addition to line ministries, the Gross National Happiness Commission, energy and transportation authorities and local officials. ESCAP plans to continue assistance in 2019.   |
| Brazil  | 2017-2020 | UNSD, UN Environment        | UNSD and UN Environment are implementing the EU-funded Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services project ( <a href="#">NCA&amp;VES</a> ) in five countries: Brazil, China, India, Mexico and South Africa. In Brazil, assistance focused on piloting ecosystem accounts in the Matopiba region, as well as strengthening coordination mechanisms around natural capital accounting. Assistance will continue at least until the end of 2020 (when the NCA&VES project will be completed).  |



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| Burundi   | 2018-2019 | UNECA                       | UNECA is providing technical assistance to Burundi for the development of pilot energy accounts.  |
| Cameroon  | 2018-2019 | UNECA, FAO                  | UNECA is providing technical assistance to Cameroon for the development of pilot energy and forest accounts. UNECA and FAO will provide technical assistance to compile forestry accounts in 2019.  |
| China     | 2017-2020 | UNSD, with UN Environment,  | UNSD and UN Environment are implementing the EU-funded Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services project ( <a href="#">NCA&amp;VES</a> ) in five countries: Brazil, China, India, Mexico and South Africa. <a href="#">In China</a> , assistance is focused on strengthening the compilation of natural resource balance sheets on land, forestry and water at the national level, and pilot ecosystem accounts in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region and Guizhou Province. Assistance will continue at least until the end of 2020 (when the NCA&VES project will be completed).  |
| Ghana     | 2018-2019 | UNECA                       | UNECA is providing technical assistance to Ghana for the development of pilot energy accounts.  |
| Georgia   | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. In Georgia, SEEA activities under the project will focus on land, water, mineral and energy, air emission, energy, material flow, environmental subsidy and ecosystem accounts. |
| Guatemala | 2016-2019 | World Bank WAVES programme  | Guatemala is currently a partner country in the World Bank <a href="#">WAVES</a> programme. Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank has delivered technical assistance, workshops and trainings to the Ministry of Natural Resources and Climate Change to develop energy, land, mineral, forest, timber, waste and water accounts.   |
| India     | 2017-2020 | UNSD, UN Environment        | UNSD and UN Environment are implementing the EU-funded Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services project ( <a href="#">NCA&amp;VES</a> )   |

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|            |           |   | in five countries: Brazil, China, India, Mexico and South Africa. In India, assistance focused on modelling and valuing several key ecosystem services (crops provisioning, nature base recreation and biodiversity) and developing soil accounts at the national level, and piloting ecosystem accounts in Karnataka State. Assistance will continue at least until the end of 2020 (when the NCA&VES project will be completed). |
| Indonesia  | 2016-2019 | World Bank WAVES programme  | Indonesia is currently a partner country in the World Bank <a href="#">WAVES programme</a> . Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank has delivered technical assistance, workshops and trainings to the Ministry of Planning and the Ministry of Finance to develop land, energy, carbon, forest and water accounts. Ecosystem accounts for peatlands will also be developed.  |
| Kazakhstan | Ongoing   | UNECE, UNEP and UNDP in collaboration with ESCAP and Austria Statistics | Technical support on forest accounts and training on energy accounts was provided to Kyrgyzstan, Belarus and Kazakhstan in June 2018. In addition, UN Environment provided training on protected areas monitoring and information systems. ESCAP intends to continue assistance through supporting implementation of forest and energy accounts.   |
| Kazakhstan | 2018-2020 | OECD  | The OECD is providing the Committee on Statistics with technical assistance and training workshops on air emissions, environmentally related taxes, EPEA, energy flow, mineral and energy resources, forest/timber, solid waste and water accounts.  |
| Kazakhstan | Ongoing   | UNECE, UNEP and UNDP in collaboration with ESCAP and Austria Statistics | Technical support on forest accounts and training on energy accounts was provided to Kyrgyzstan, Belarus and Kazakhstan in June 2018. In addition, UN Environment provided training on protected areas monitoring and information systems. ESCAP intends to continue assistance through supporting implementation of forest and energy accounts.   |
| Kazakhstan | Ongoing   | UNECE and UN Environment, in collaboration                              | A training workshop was held for the national statistical office, ministry of agriculture, ministry for investment and development and the ministry of energy in July 2018 on material flow, waste and water accounts and links to the SDGs. Experts from UNECE, UN Environment, United Nations University   |

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|            |           | with the United Nations University and Vienna University of Economics and Business | and the Vienna University of Economics and Business provided expert technical assistance. UNECE plans to continue assisting Kazakhstan (contingent on availability of funding).   |
| Kyrgyzstan | Ongoing   | UNECE, UNEP and UNDP in collaboration with ESCAP and Austria Statistics            | Technical support on forest accounts and training on energy accounts was provided to Kyrgyzstan, Belarus and Kazakhstan in June 2018. In addition, UN Environment provided training on protected areas monitoring and information systems. ESCAP intends to continue assistance through supporting implementation of forest and energy accounts.  |
| Mexico     | 2017-2020 | UNSD, UN Environment   | UNSD and UN Environment are implementing the EU-funded Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services project ( <a href="#">NCA&amp;VES</a> ) in five countries: Brazil, China, India, Mexico and South Africa. <a href="#">In Mexico</a> , assistance is focused on strengthening the compilation of the ecosystem extent accounts and mapping of selected priority ecosystem services (carbon, water supply and crop provisioning) at the national level and at the regional level (pilot ecosystem accounts in the Aguascalientes region). Assistance will continue at least until the end of 2020 (when the NCA&VES project will be completed). |
| Moldova    | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency  | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. In Moldova, SEEA activities under the project will focus on land, water, air emission and ecosystem accounts.   |

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| Mongolia     | Ongoing   | ESCAP                      | ESCAP held a training workshop in September 2018 on water asset and physical supply and use accounts. Participants included representatives from the NSO, local authorities, water and sewage authorities, meteorology and environment ministries and other line ministries. ESCAP intends to continue assistance in 2019.  |
| Morocco      | 2018-2019 | UNECA, FAO                 | UNECA is providing technical assistance for the development of pilot energy and forest accounts. UNECA and FAO will provide technical assistance to compile forestry accounts in 2019.  |
| Nigeria      | 2018-2019 | UNECA                      | UNECA is providing technical assistance to Nigeria for the development of pilot energy accounts.  |
| Philippines  | Ongoing   | ESCAP                      | ESCAP provided technical assistance and delivered training workshops in April and November 2018 on water asset, physical flow and emission accounts. Participants came from the Philippine Statistics Authority, line ministries and water and power authorities. ESCAP intends to continue assistance in 2019.   |
| Rwanda       | 2016-2019 | World Bank WAVES programme | Rwanda is currently a partner country in the World Bank <a href="#">WAVES programme</a> . Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank has delivered technical assistance, workshops and trainings to the Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning and the Ministry of Environment to develop carbon, ecosystem services, ecosystem water, land, water and mineral accounts. In addition, the World Bank has collaborated with Statistics Netherlands to deliver technical assistance and training. |
| Samoa        | Ongoing   | ESCAP                      | ESCAP provided technical assistance and delivered training workshops on waste, water and energy accounts in September 2018. Participants came from the Samoa Bureau of Statistics and line ministries responsible for water, waste and energy. ESCAP intends to continue assistance in 2019.  |
| Senegal      | 2018-2019 | UNECA, FAO                 | In 2018, UNECA and FAO provided technical assistance to compile forestry accounts. UNECA is currently providing technical assistance for the development of pilot energy accounts.  |
| South Africa | 2017-2020 | UNSD, UN Environment       | UNSD and UN Environment are implementing the EU-funded Natural Capital Accounting and Valuation of Ecosystem Services project ( <a href="#">NCA&amp;VES</a> )   |

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|          |           |                             | in five countries: Brazil, China, India, Mexico and South Africa. In South Africa, assistance is focused on strengthening the compilation of ecosystem extent account, city region account, protected area accounts, marine ecosystem accounting at the national level and pilot ecosystem accounts in the KwaZulu-Natal region. Assistance will continue at least until the end of 2020 (when the NCA&VES project will be completed).   |
| Thailand | Ongoing   | ESCAP                       | ESCAP is assisting Thailand in preparing work for pilot ocean accounts through the provision of technical assistance and training workshops. In addition to the national statistical office, several line ministries, research institutions and academics are involved.  |
| Uganda   | 2017-2020 | World Bank WAVES programme  | Uganda is currently a partner country in the World Bank <a href="#">WAVES programme</a> . Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank has delivered technical assistance, workshops and trainings to the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development as well as the Ministry of Water and Environment. Assistance has focused on ecosystem services, ecosystem water, forest, land (with a focus on forest and wetlands) and water accounts. In addition, the World Bank is coordinating with UNEP-WCMC in delivering capacity building activities. |
| Ukraine  | 2018-2019 | UNECE                       | In October 2018, UNECE provided financial support for Statistics Finland experts to visit Ukraine to provide technical support on air emission accounts. In 2019, a study fellowship for Ukraine to visit Finland is planned. The study fellowships are being carried out as part of UNECE's capacity building programme under the UN Development Account 10 <sup>th</sup> tranche.  |
| Ukraine  | 2017-2020 | European Environment Agency | The EEA is implementing the EU-funded <a href="#">European Neighbourhood Instrument (ENI) Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) II EAST project</a> in six countries: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine. The project aims to support the promotion of environmental protection by strengthening environmental governance. Activities on the SEEA involve both national statistical offices and ministries of environment and are one of several project activities. In Ukraine, SEEA activities under the                  |

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|         |           |                            | project will focus on land, air emission, environmental protection expenditure and ecosystem accounts.  |
| Vanuatu | Ongoing   | ESCAP                      | ESCAP is assisting Vanuatu with land, ocean, waste and water accounts through the provision of technical assistance and training workshops. In addition to the national statistical office, several line ministries are also involved.  |
| Zambia  | 2017-2020 | World Bank WAVES programme | Zambia is currently a partner country in the World Bank <a href="#">WAVES programme</a> . Under the WAVES programme, the World Bank has delivered technical assistance, workshops and trainings to the Ministry of National Development Planning and Ministry of Finance to develop ecosystem service, forest, land and water accounts. In addition, the World Bank will provide assistance to develop an integrated assessment model using the accounts. |