

An aerial photograph of a dense, lush green forest. A narrow, light-colored dirt road or path winds through the trees, curving from the middle of the frame towards the right. The trees are a mix of dark green and lighter green, suggesting a healthy, mature forest. The lighting is bright, creating high contrast between the dark foliage and the lighter path.

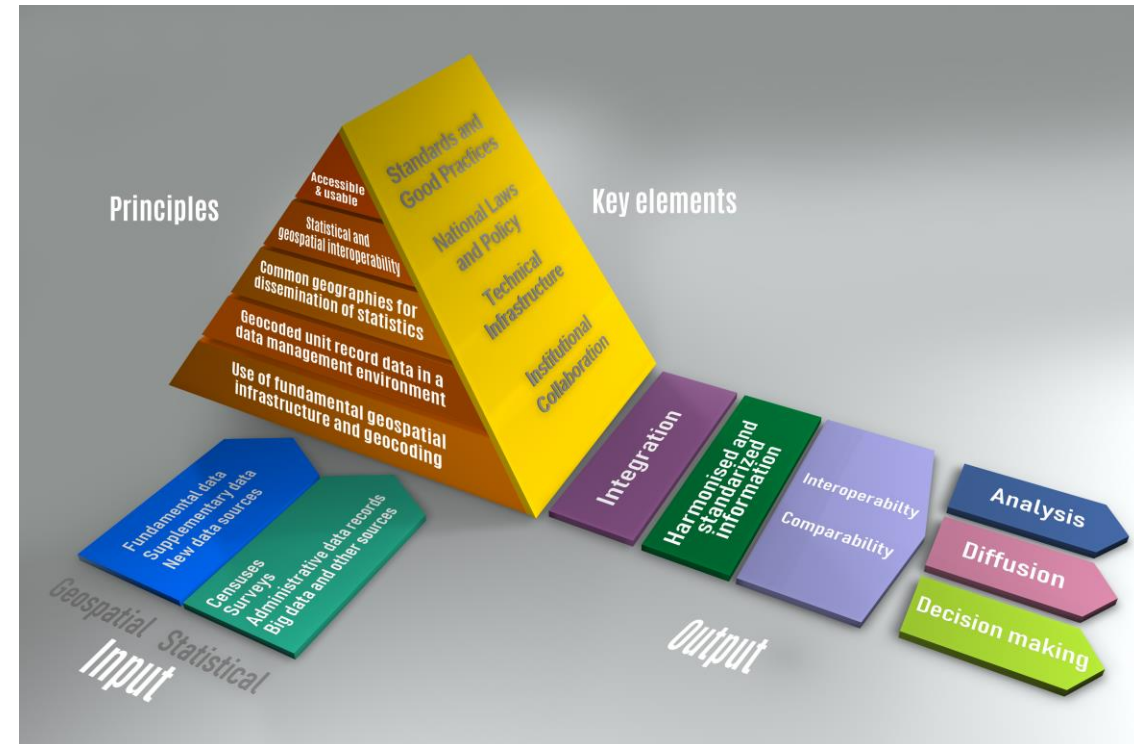
# The GEOSTAT 3 project – A Guide on how to implement the GSGF in Europe

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# Task

“Develop a European guide for implementation of the Global Statistical Geospatial Framework (GSGF). Covering the key aspects of statistical-geospatial integration as set out in the global framework”

NOT another framework

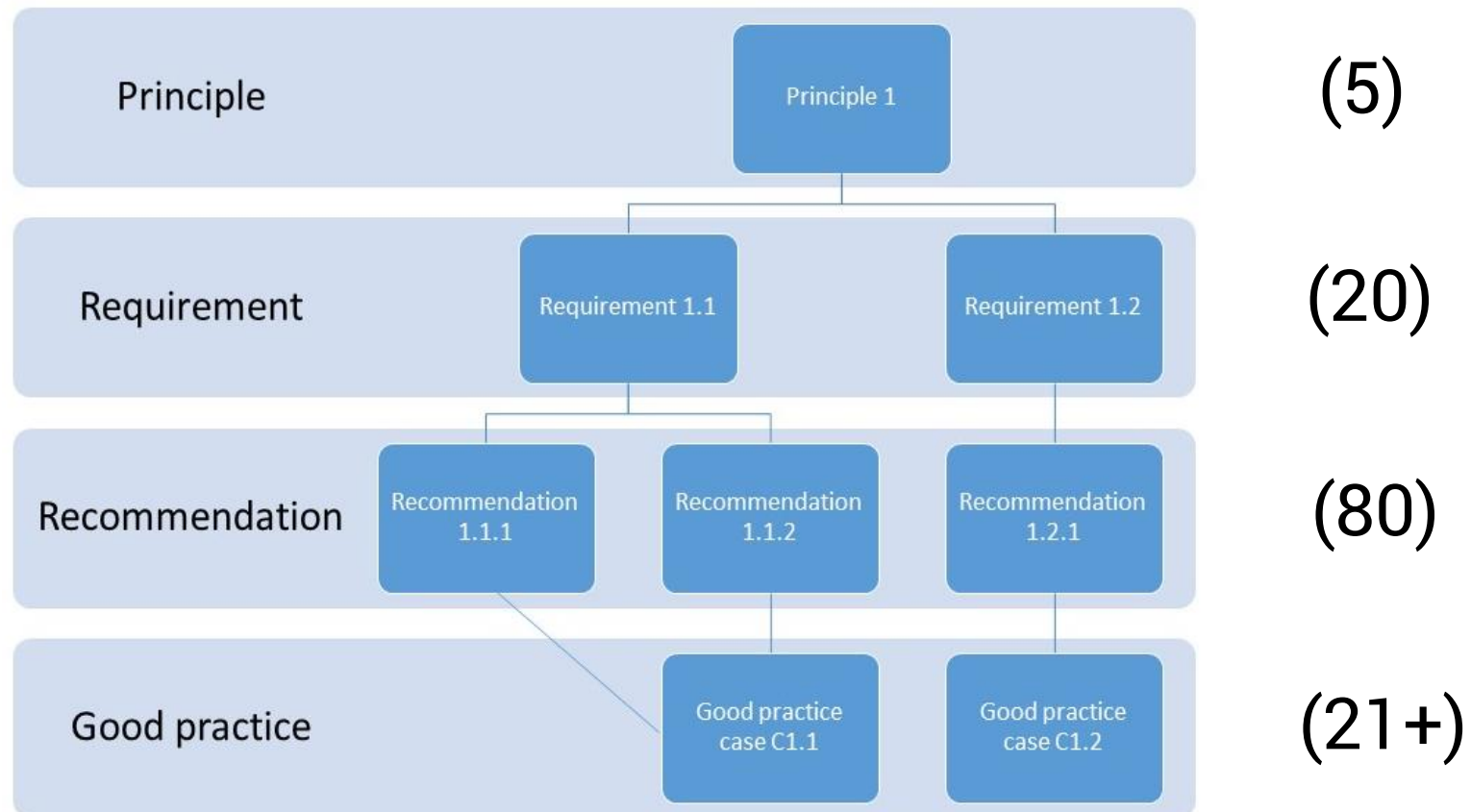


Implementation  
guide +  
good practice  
cases



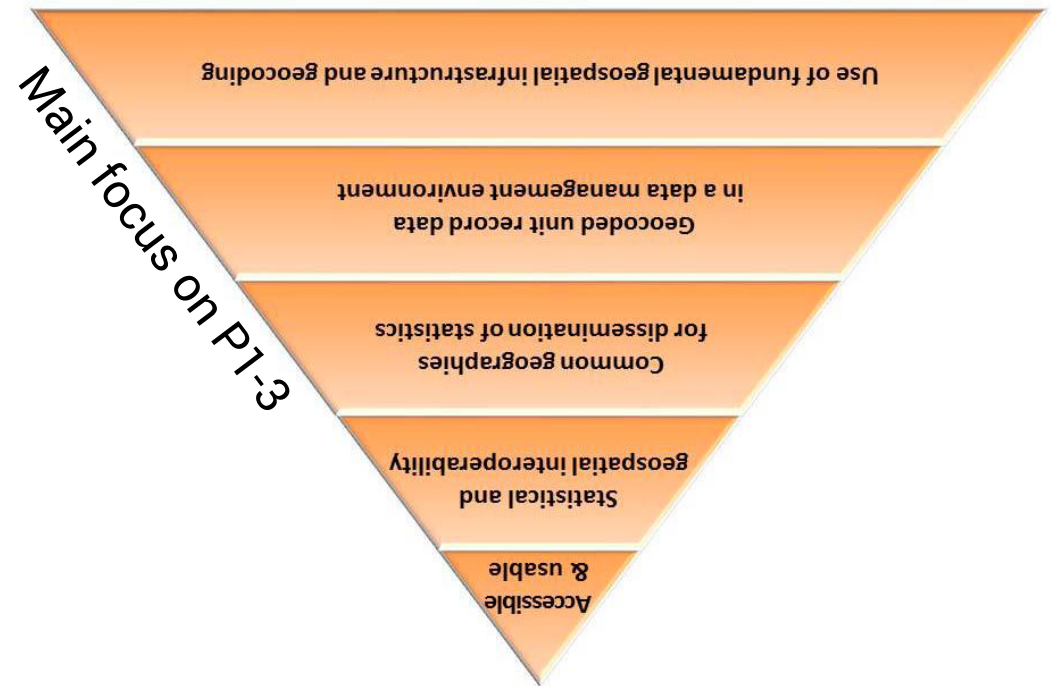
Supporting  
studies

# Structure of the Implementation Guide



# Main focus

1. Existence, content and quality of a fundamental geospatial data infrastructure
2. Performance of a data management environment
3. Existence, quality and conformance of common geographies
4. Interoperability and service-based data flows
5. Open data, simple licensing policies and dynamic integration of data

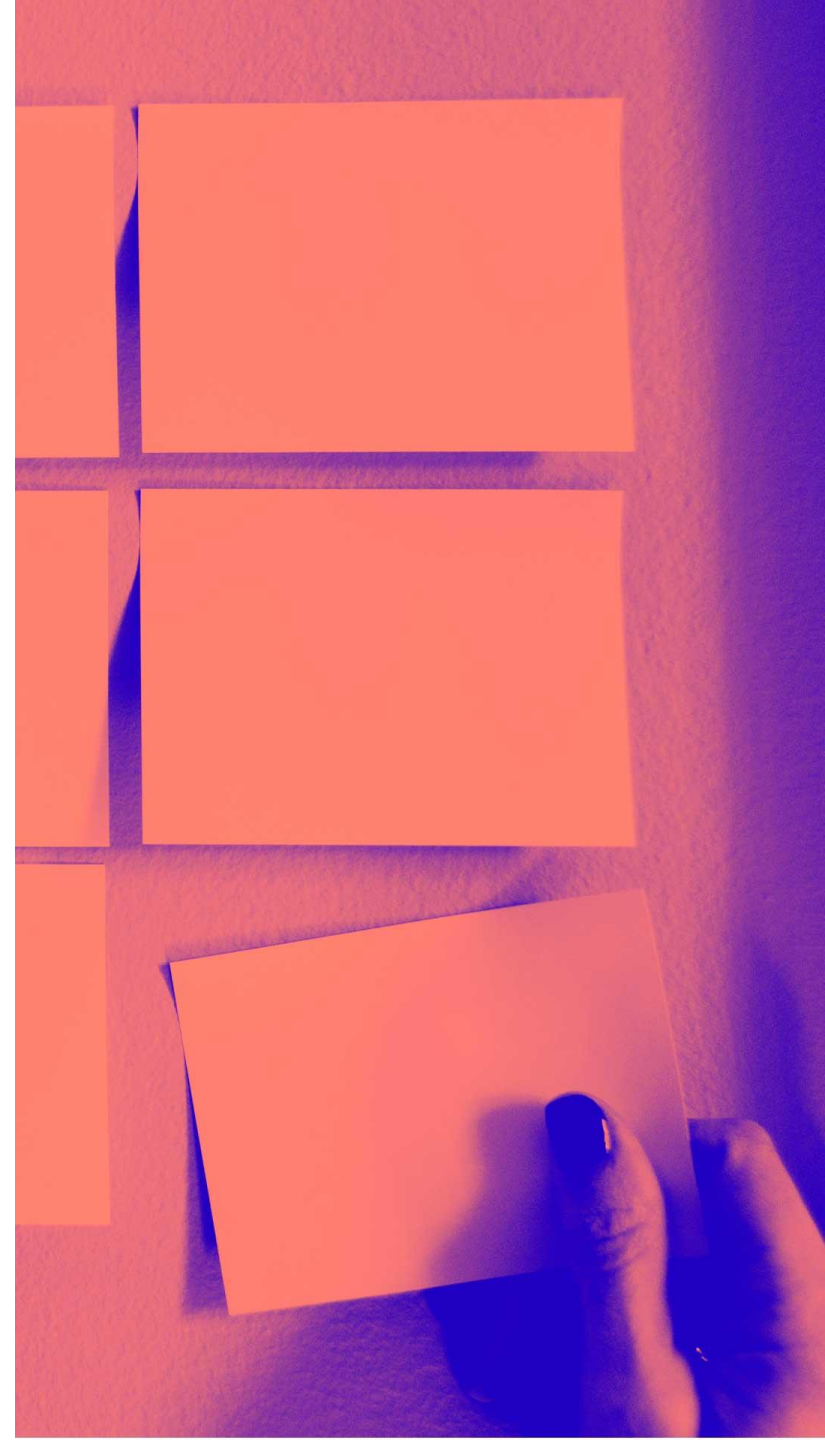


# Action matrix

	National level			European institutions
	NSIs	Geospatial agencies	Administrative data custodians	
Immediate action (pre-census 2020)				
Intermediate action (post-census 2020)				
Long-term action (before census 2030)				

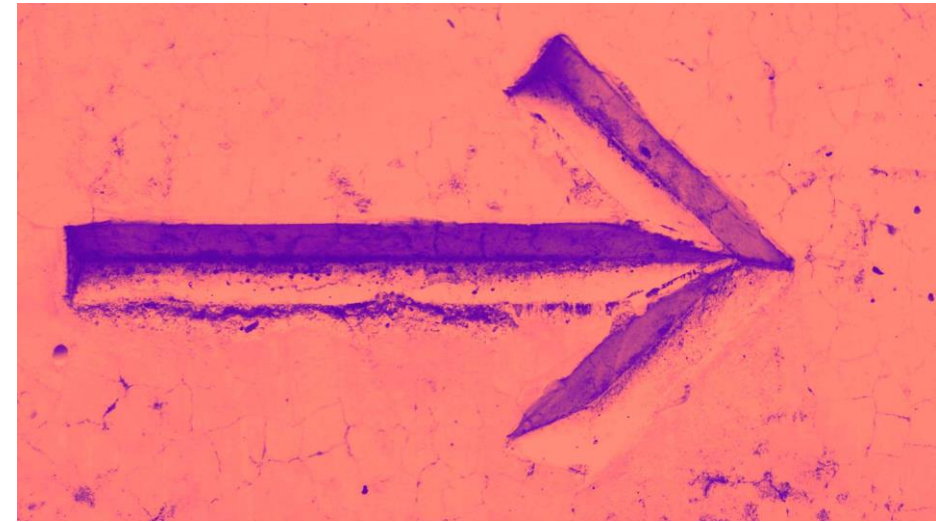
# Implementation

- Stepwise approach (not a big-bang)
- Assessment of recommendations in a national context
- Identify recommendations where “mission is completed”, “low-hanging fruits” and “true challenges” (traffic-light assessment)



# Implementation

- Define solutions, preferably jointly by NSIs and Geospatial Agencies.
- Give priority to short term action (pre-census perspective).
- Check good-practice cases (from GEOSTAT 2 and 3)!





More information: [efgs.info](http://efgs.info)



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